STRUCTURE SEARCH

=> d his 164

(FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:32:18 ON 22 JUL 2008) L64 38 S L60 OR L63

=> d que stat 164

18405)SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 3593.5/RID L3 (L4STR

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

GGCAT IS PCY UNS AT

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

ECOUNT IS E16 C AT 1

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 14

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L5 782 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L3 SSS FUL L4

L21 STR



VAR G1=AK/CB/16/18/20/22/CN/X

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GGCAT

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

ECOUNT IS E16 C AT 1

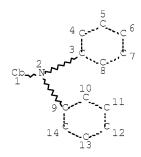
ECOUNT IS E6 C AT

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RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 19

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
GGCAT IS PCY UNS AT 1
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
ECOUNT IS E16 C AT 1

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 14

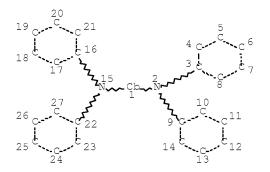
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L35 (782)SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L33 SSS FUL L34 L36 (1474106)SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON 73/SC,SX

L37 QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON PY<2004 OR PRY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR

 ${
m MY}{<}2004$ OR ${
m REVIEW}/{
m DT}$

L38 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

GGCAT IS PCY UNS AT

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

ECOUNT IS E16 C AT 1

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

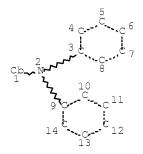
NUMBER OF NODES IS 27

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L39 (199)SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L35 SSS FUL L38 L40 (71)SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L39

L41 (47)SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L40 AND L37

L42 18 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L41 AND L36 L43 (18405)SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 3593.5/RID L44 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
GGCAT IS PCY UNS AT 1
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
ECOUNT IS E16 C AT 1

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

 $\begin{array}{lll} \operatorname{RING}(\operatorname{S}) & \operatorname{ARE} & \operatorname{ISOLATED} & \operatorname{OR} & \operatorname{EMBEDDED} \\ \operatorname{NUMBER} & \operatorname{OF} & \operatorname{NODES} & \operatorname{IS} & 14 \end{array}$

NUMBER OF NODES 15 14

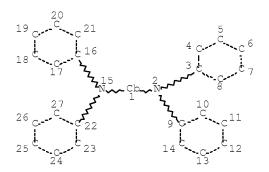
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L45 (782)SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L43 SSS FUL L44
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L47 QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON PY<2004 OR PRY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR

MY<2004 OR REVIEW/DT

L48 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
GGCAT IS PCY UNS AT 1
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
ECOUNT IS E16 C AT 1

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

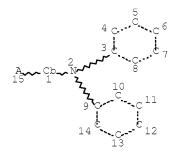
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 27

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L49 (199)SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L45 SSS FUL L48

L50 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

NSPEC IS RC AT 15
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
GGCAT IS PCY UNS AT 1
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
ECOUNT IS E16 C AT 1

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 15

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

SIEVE	O WIIVIDOIES.	NONE			
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L52 (58) SEA	FILE=REGISTRY	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L51 NOT L49
L53 (31)SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L52
L54 (30)SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L53 AND L47
L55	4 SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L54 AND L46
L56	118 SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L5/P
L57	80 SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L56 AND L31
L58	1474466 SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	73/SC,SX
L59	19 SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L58 AND L57
L60	33 SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L42 OR L55 OR L59
L61	37 SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L23
L62	31 SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L61 AND L47
L63	8 SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L62 AND L58
L64	38 SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L60 OR L63

STRUCTURE SEARCH RESULTS

=> d 164 1-38 ibib ed abs hitstr hitind

L64 ANSWER 1 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:589128 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:86447

TITLE: Light-emitting material for organic

electroluminescent devices

INVENTOR(S): Kubota, Mineyuki; Funahashi, Masakazu;

Hosokawa, Chishio
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE:

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 71 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

Patent DOCUMENT TYPE: Japanese LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 WO 2005061656	A1 20050707		2004 1213
CA, CH, CN, ES, FI, GB, KE, KG, KP, MG, MK, MN, PT, RO, RU,	CO, CR, CU, CZ, GD, GE, GH, GM, KR, KZ, LC, LK, MW, MX, MZ, NA,	LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MZ NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN	E, EG, 5, JP, A, MD, H, PL,
RW: BW, GH, GM, ZW, AM, AZ, CY, CZ, DE, LT, LU, MC, CG, CI, CM,	KE, LS, MW, MZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, DK, EE, ES, FI, NL, PL, PT, RO, GA, GN, GQ, GW,	NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UC RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BC FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BC ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TC	J, CF,
EP 1696015	A1 20060830	EP 2004-807321	2004 1213
		GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NI CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU	
CN 1914293	A 20070214	CN 2004-80041655	2004 1213
IN 2006CN02202	A 20070608		2006 0619
US 20070152565	A1 20070705	< US 2006-583554	2006 0619
RIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		< JP 2003-423317	A 2003 1219
		< WO 2004-JP18964	W 2004 1213

ED Entered STN: 08 Jul 2005

AΒ Disclosed is a light-emitting material for organic electroluminescent (EL) devices which is composed of an asym. anthracene derivative of a specific structure. Also disclosed are a material for organic EL devices and an organic EL device where an organic thin film layer composed of one or more layers including at least a lightemitting layer is interposed between a cathode and an anode. At least one layer of the organic thin film layer contains the material for organic EL devices by itself or as a component of a mixture Consequently, the organic EL device has a high luminous efficiency and a long life. Also disclosed are a light-emitting material for organic EL devices and material for organic EL devices which enable to realize such an organic EL device.

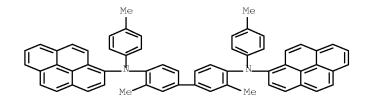
ΙT 157357-98-7

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(light-emitting material for organic electroluminescent devices)

157357-98-7 HCAPLUS RM

CM[1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine, 3,3'-dimethyl-N,N'-bis(4methylphenyl)-N, N'-di-1-pyrenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ICM C09K011-06 TC

ICS H05B033-14; H05B033-22

73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and

Other Related Properties)

ΙT 2085-33-8, Alq3 136925-63-8 154853-83-5 157357-98-7

669016-16-4

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(light-emitting material for organic electroluminescent devices)

THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE REFERENCE COUNT: 14

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L64 ANSWER 2 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN 2005:297617 HCAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:363444

TITLE: (N-carbazolyl) fluorenes or

diarylaminofluorenes showing good heat

resistance, and their organic electroluminescent devices

INVENTOR(S): Tanabe, Yoshimitsu; Tsukada, Hidetaka;

Shimamura, Takehiko; Totani, Yoshiyuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 35 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005089382	А	20050407	JP 2003-325769	2003 0918

JP 2003-325769

2003 0918

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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:363444

ED Entered STN: 07 Apr 2005

GΙ

$$x_1$$
 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_5 x_5 x_5 x_6 x_7 x_8 x_8

AB The fluorenes are I [X1 = (un)substituted N-carbazolyl, NArlAr2; X2 = NAr3Ar4; Arl-Ar4 = aryl; ≥1 of Arl-Ar4 = (un)substituted pyrenyl; Z1-Z6 = H, halo, OnZ; Z = (cyclo)alkyl, aryl; R1, R2 = H, (cyclo)alkyl, aryl, aralkyl; n = 0, 1]. Preferably, the I are used in hole transporting or emitter layers of the devices.

IT 669077-94-5P 849061-39-8P 849061-40-1P 849061-42-3P 849061-43-4P 849061-44-3P 849061-43-4P 849061-44-3P 849061-43-5P 849061-43-4P

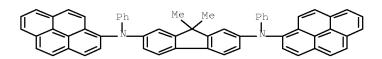
849061-41-2P 849061-42-3P 849061-43-4P 849061-44-5P 849061-45-6P 849061-46-7P 849061-47-8P 849061-48-9P 849061-49-0P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(heat-resistant carbazolylfluorenes or diarylaminofluorenes for hole transporting or emitter layers for organic electroluminescent devices)

RN 669077-94-5 HCAPLUS

CN 9H-Fluorene-2,7-diamine, 9,9-dimethyl-N2,N7-diphenyl-N2,N7-di-1-pyrenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 849061-39-8 HCAPLUS

CN 9H-Fluorene-2,7-diamine, 9,9-dimethyl-N2,N2,N7-triphenyl-N7-1-pyrenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 849061-40-1 HCAPLUS

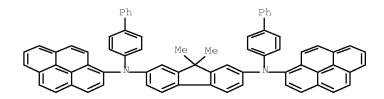
CN 9H-Fluorene-2,7-diamine, 9,9-dicyclohexyl-N2,N7-diphenyl-N2,N7-di-1-pyrenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 849061-41-2 HCAPLUS

CN 9H-Fluorene-2,7-diamine, 9,9-dimethyl-N2,N7-di-1-naphthalenyl-N2,N7-di-1-pyrenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 849061-42-3 HCAPLUS

CN 9H-Fluorene-2,7-diamine, N2,N7-bis([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-9,9-dimethyl-N2,N7-di-1-pyrenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 849061-43-4 HCAPLUS

CN 9H-Fluorene-2,7-diamine, N2,N7-bis([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-9,9-dicyclohexyl-N2,N7-di-1-pyrenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

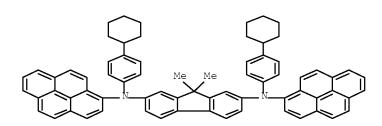
RN 849061-44-5 HCAPLUS

CN 9H-Fluorene-2,7-diamine, N2,N7-bis([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-9,9-

bis(phenylmethyl)-N2,N7-di-1-pyrenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 849061-45-6 HCAPLUS

CN 9H-Fluorene-2,7-diamine, N2,N7-bis(4-cyclohexylphenyl)-9,9-dimethyl-N2,N7-di-1-pyrenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 849061-46-7 HCAPLUS

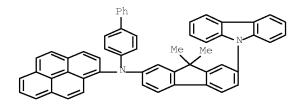
CN 1-Pyrenamine, N-[7-(9H-carbazol-9-yl)-9,9-dimethyl-9H-fluoren-2-yl]-N-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 849061-47-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrenamine, N-[7-(9H-carbazol-9-yl)-9,9-dimethyl-9H-fluoren-2-yl]-N-1-naphthalenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

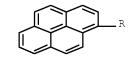
RN 849061-48-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrenamine, N-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl-N-[7-(9H-carbazol-9-yl)-9,9-dimethyl-9H-fluoren-2-yl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



849061-49-0 HCAPLUS

1-Pyrenamine, N-[7-(9H-carbazol-9-y1)-9,9-dimethyl-9H-fluoren-2-CN yl]-N-(4-cyclohexylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM C07C211-61

ICS C07D209-86; C09K011-06; H05B033-14; H05B033-22

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and

Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 25, 27

ΙT 669077-94-5P 349061-39-8P 849061-40-1P

849061-41-2P 849061-42-3P 849061-43-4P

849061-44-5P 849061-45-6P 849061-46-7P

849061-47-8P 349061-48-9P 849061-49-0P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP

(Preparation); USES (Uses)

 $(heat-resistant\ carbazolyl fluorenes\ or\ diarylamin of luorenes\ for$ hole transporting or emitter layers for organic electroluminescent devices)

L64 ANSWER 3 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:138322 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:228449

TITLE: Hole-transporting polymers and organic

electroluminescent devices containing the same

INVENTOR(S): Ishii, Toru; Mashimo, Kiyokazu; Agata,

Takeshi; Moriyama, Hiroaki; Ozaki, Tadayoshi; Hirose, Eiichi; Okuda, Daisuke; Yoneyama,

Hiroto; Seki, Mieko; Sato, Katsuhiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Xerox Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 21 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. KIND DATE DATE

ED Entered STN: 17 Feb 2005

The hole-transporting polymers involve repeating units of monomers which show hole-transporting property, have maximum optical absorption on the longer wave side than 360 nm in CH2Cl2, and the absolute value of reorientation energy [ABS(Δ H); the difference between the absolute value of ionizing energy necessary for forming cation radicals of the monomers and the absolute value of electron affinity generated when the cation radicals of the monomers become neutral mols.] ≤ 0.6 eV. Preferably, the polymer have, in the main chain backbones, tertiary aromatic amine structures, preferably represented by the general formula C6H4NArX(NArC6H4)k (k = 0, 1; X = divalent aromatic group, heterocyclic group; Ar = monovalent aromatic group, heterocyclic group). The organic electroluminescent devices having large emission intensity and high emission efficiency contain the hole-transporting polymers in ≥ 1 of organic compds. layers disposed between a pair of electrodes, ≥ 1 of which is transparent or translucent.

IT 842172-04-7P 842172-06-9P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(hole-transporting polymers for organic EL devices)

RN 842172-04-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 4,4'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diylbis[4,1-phenylene(1-pyrenylimino)]]bis-, dimethyl ester, polymer with 1,2-ethanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 842172-03-6 CMF C64 H48 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 107-21-1 CMF C2 H6 O2

HO_CH2_CH2_OH

RN 842172-06-9 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxy(1-oxo-1,3-propanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1-pyrenylimino)[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl(1-pyrenylimino)-1,4-

phenylene(3-oxo-1,3-propanediyl)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

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IC ICM C08G063-685
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ICS C09K011-06; H05B033-14; H05B033-22

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 38

IT 838896-34-7P 838896-35-8P 842172-04-7P

842172-06-9P 842172-11-6P 842172-12-7P 842172-14-9P 842172-15-0P 842172-17-2P 842172-18-3P 842172-19-4P

842172-20-7P 842172-22-9P 842172-23-0P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP

(Preparation); USES (Uses)

(hole-transporting polymers for organic EL devices)

L64 ANSWER 4 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:117087 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:207357

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent device based on pyrene derivatives and the pyrene derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Li, Xiao-Chang Charles; Okamura, Yoshimasa;

Ueno, Kazunori; Tashiro, Masashi; Tashiro,

Hideki; Prakash, G. K. Surya

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Canon Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan

SOURCE: U.S., 17 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6852429	В1	20050208	US 2003-634755	

2003

0806

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US 20050031898 Α1 20050210

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2003-634755

2003

0806

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:207357

Ι

ED Entered STN: 10 Feb 2005

GΙ

хЗ

AB Pyrene-based compds. are described by the general formula I (Z1 = H, D, O, Si, Se, (un)substituted aryl, (un)substituted heteroaryl, (un)substituted aryl amine, or a combination thereof; Z2 = H or D; 1 of Y1 and Y2 = H, D, O, Si, Se, (un)substituted aryl, (un) substituted heteroaryl, (un) substituted aryl amine or a combination thereof, and the other of Y1 and Y2 = H or D; and X1-6 = independently selected H, D, alkyl, or aryl groups). Preferably, ≥ 1 of X1-6 = a bulky alkyl or aryl group such as tert-Bu and ≥ 1 of X1-6, Y1, Y2, Z1, and Z2 = D. Z1 and 1 of Y1 and Y2 may be hole injection and/or electron injection chromophores. Organic light-emitting devices incorporating the compds. in active, hole transport, and/or electron transport layers are also described. The pyrene based compound can serve directly to constitute the layers or as a host and/or dopant.

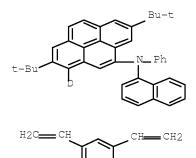
IT 839718-92-2

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(organic electroluminescent devices based on pyrene derivs. and pyrene derivs.)

RN 839718-92-2 HCAPLUS

4-Pyren-6-d-amine, 9(or 10)-(3,5-diethenylphenyl)-2,7-bis(1,1-CNdimethylethyl)-N-1-naphthalenyl-N-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ICM H05B033-14 INCL 428690000; 428917000; 252301160; 252301350; 313504000; 313506000;

10549801-265764-EIC 1700 SEARCH 257040000; 257103000 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and CC Other Related Properties) Section cross-reference(s): 25, 76 839713-18-7 839713-19-8 839713-20-1 839713-21-2 839713-22-3 839713-23-4 839713-24-5 839713-25-6 839713-26-7 839713-27-8 839718-92-2 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (organic electroluminescent devices based on pyrene derivs. and pyrene derivs.) REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 50 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L64 ANSWER 5 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:799549 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u> DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:304000 Process for preparation of TITLE: 1,6-bis(diphenylamino)pyrene derivatives as electroluminescent devices INVENTOR(S): Funahashi, Masakazu PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Idemitsu Kosan Co. Ltd., Japan SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. DATE _____ WO 2004083162 A1 20040930 WO 2004-JP2945 2004 0308 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG EP 1604974 A1 20051214 EP 2004-718430 2004 0308 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK CN 1784376 Α 20060607 CN 2004-80012602 2004 0308 <--20070406 IN 2005CN02302 A IN 2005-CN2302

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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2003-76772 A

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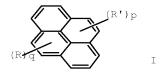
WO 2004-JP2945

2004

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:304000

ED Entered STN: 30 Sep 2004

GΙ



This invention pertains to a method for producing (diphenylamino)pyrene derivs. I [wherein R = H, (un)substituted alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, etc.; R' = (un)substituted diphenylamino; q = 1-9; p = 1-9; with limitation of p + q < 10], which are useful as electroluminescent devices. For example, 1,6-dibromopyrene was reacted with 4-isopropyldiphenylamine in toluene in the presence of Pd(OAc)2, t-Bu3P, and t-BuONa to give 1,6-bis(4-isopropyldiphenylamino)pyrene. I were tested as organic electroluminescent devices which have a long life and emit a blue color at a high luminescence efficiency.

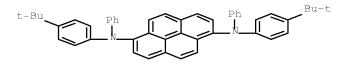
IT 722498-84-2P 764657-23-0P 764657-24-1P 764657-25-2P 764657-26-3P 764657-27-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of bis(diphenylamino)pyrene derivs. as electroluminescent devices)

RN 722498-84-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-N1,N6diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 764657-23-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis[4-(1-methylethyl)phenyl]-N1,N6-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 764657-24-1 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis[4-(1-methylethyl)phenyl]-N1,N6-bis(4-

methylphenyl) - (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 764657-25-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N1,N6,N6-tetrakis[4-(1-methylethyl)phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 764657-26-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N1,N6,N6-tetrakis(3,4-dimethylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 764657-27-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N1,N6,N6-tetrakis(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-3,8-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C07C211-61

ICS H05B033-14

CC 73-5 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 25

722498-84-2P 764657-23-0P 764657-24-1P ΙT 764657-25-2P 764657-26-3P 764657-27-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation);

PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of bis(diphenylamino)pyrene derivs. as

electroluminescent devices)

REFERENCE COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L64 ANSWER 6 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:568210 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:131023

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent devices employing

blue-emitting dopants based on amine

derivatives of pyrene

INVENTOR(S): Seo, Jeong Dae; Lee, Kyung Hoon; Kim, Hee

Jung; Park, Chun Gun; Oh, Hyoung Yun

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lg Electronics Inc., S. Korea

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 43 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	ENT	ио.			KINI	D -	DATE		APPI	LICAT	ION I	NO.		DATE	
 EP	1437	- 395			A2		2004	0714	EP 2	2003–2	2966	1		2003 1223	
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						1224
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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:131023

ED Entered STN: 16 Jul 2004

GΙ

AB Organic electroluminescent devices are described which comprise a substrate; a first and second electrodes formed on the substrate; an emitting layer formed between the first electrode and the second electrode, the emitting layer having a plurality of materials one of which being a blue-emitting dopant with general formula (I), where at least one of Al and A2 is selected from a substituted or non-substituted aromatic group, a heterocyclic group, an aliphatic group and hydrogen. The materials forming the emitting layer together with the material of I may have a chemical formula B1-X-B2 where X is selected from a group consisting of naphthalene, anthracene, phenanthrene, pyrene, perylene, and quinoline and at least 1 of the B1 and B2 is selected from a group consisting of aryl, alkylaryl, alkoxyaryl, arylaminoaryl and alkylaminoaryl.

TT 76656-51-4 143141-36-4 163969-53-7

76656-51-4 143141-30-4 163969-53-7
663954-33-4 668019-96-3 722498-77-3
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722499-48-1 722499-49-2

RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(blue-emitting dopant; organic electroluminescent devices employing blue-emitting dopants based on amine derivs. of pyrene)

RN 76656-51-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N,N'-bis(3-methylphenyl)-N,N'-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 143141-30-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N,N'-bis(3-methylphenyl)-N,N'-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 163969-53-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N,N,N',N'-tetrakis(4-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 663954-33-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N1,N6,N6-tetrakis(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 668019-96-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis(4-methylphenyl)-N1,N6-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722498-77-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis(4-fluorophenyl)-N1,N6-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722498-78-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis(4-chlorophenyl)-N1,N6-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722498-79-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-N1,N6-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722498-80-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-N1,N6-diphenyl-(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722498-81-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-N1,N6diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722498-82-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis([1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-N1,N6-diphenyl-(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722498-83-1 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis[4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]-N1,N6-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722498-84-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-N1,N6-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722498-85-3 HCAPLUS

RN 722498-86-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-di-2-naphthalenyl-N1,N6-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722498-87-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-di-1-naphthalenyl-N1,N6-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722498-88-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-diphenyl-N1,N6-di-8-quinolinyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722498-89-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis[3,5-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-N1,N6-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722498-90-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-N1,N6-diphenyl-(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722498-91-1 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis[3,5-bis(trimethylsilyl)phenyl]-N1,N6-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722498-92-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-di-9H-fluoren-3-yl-N1,N6-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722498-93-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis(9,9-diethyl-9H-fluoren-3-yl)-N1,N6diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722498-94-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N1,N6,N6-tetrakis(3-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722498-95-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-N1,N6-bis(3-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722498-97-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N1,N6,N6-tetrakis[4-(1,1dimethylethyl)phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722498-98-8 HCAPLUS

RN 722499-00-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-N1,N6-di-2-naphthalenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-01-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis(3-methylphenyl)-N1,N6-di-1-naphthalenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-02-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis(4-methylphenyl)-N1,N6-di-8-quinolinyl-(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-03-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-N1,N6-di-8-quinolinyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-04-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis([1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-N1,N6-bis(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-05-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-N1,N6-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-06-1 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-N1,N6-bis[4-(trimethylsilyl)phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-07-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N1,N6,N6-tetrakis(3,5-dimethylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-14-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N2,N7,N7-tetraphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-15-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis(4-methylphenyl)-N2,N7-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-16-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis(4-fluorophenyl)-N2,N7-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-17-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis(4-chlorophenyl)-N2,N7-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-18-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-N2,N7-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-19-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-N2,N7-diphenyl-(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-20-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-N2,N7-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-21-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis([1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-N2,N7-diphenyl-(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-22-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis[4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]-N2,N7-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-23-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-N2,N7-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-24-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-diphenyl-N2,N7-bis[4-(trimethylsilyl)phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-27-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-di-2-naphthalenyl-N2,N7-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-29-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-diphenyl-N2,N7-di-8-quinolinyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-30-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-N2,N7-diphenyl-(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-31-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis[3,5-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]- N2,N7-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-32-3 HCAPLUS

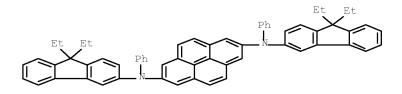
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RN 722499-33-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-di-9H-fluoren-3-yl-N2,N7-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-34-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis(9,9-diethyl-9H-fluoren-3-yl)-N2,N7-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 722499-35-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N2,N7,N7-tetrakis(3-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-36-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-N2,N7-bis(3-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-37-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis(3-methylphenyl)-N2,N7-bis[4-(trimethylsilyl)phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-38-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N2,N7,N7-tetrakis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-39-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-N2,N7-bis[4-(trimethylsilyl)phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-42-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-N2,N7-di-2-naphthalenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-43-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis(3-methylphenyl)-N2,N7-di-1-naphthalenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-44-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis(4-methylphenyl)-N2,N7-di-8-quinolinyl-(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-45-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-N2,N7-di-8-quinolinyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-46-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis([1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-N2,N7-bis(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-47-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-N2,N7-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-48-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-bis([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-N2,N7-bis[4-(trimethylsilyl)phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 722499-49-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N2,N7,N7-tetrakis(3,5-dimethylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 722498-96-6

RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)

(blue-emitting dopant; organic electroluminescent devices employing blue-emitting dopants based on amine derivs. of pyrene)

RN 722498-96-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N7-di-1-naphthalenyl-N2,N7-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

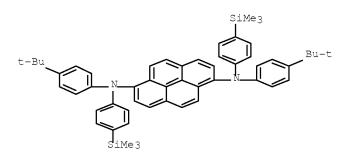
IT 722498-52-4P

RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

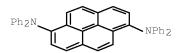
(blue-emitting dopant; organic electroluminescent devices employing blue-emitting dopants based on amine derivs. of pyrene)

RN 722498-52-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-N1,N6-bis[4-(trimethylsilyl)phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



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IT 76656-53-6P
   RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (organic electroluminescent devices employing blue-emitting dopants based on amine derivs. of pyrene)
RN 76656-53-6 HCAPLUS
CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N1,N6,N6-tetraphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)
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ICM C09K011-06
TC
CC
     73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and
     Other Related Properties)
     Section cross-reference(s): 22, 25, 76
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     663954-33-4 668019-96-3
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     722498-77-3 722498-78-4 722498-79-5
     722498-80-8 722498-81-9 722498-82-0
     722498-83-1 722498-84-2 722498-85-3
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     722498-92-2 722498-93-3 722498-94-4
     722498-95-5 722498-97-7 722498-98-8
     722498-99-9 722499-00-5 722499-01-6
     722499-02-7 722499-03-8 722499-04-9
     722499-05-0 722499-06-1 722499-07-2
     722499-08-3
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     722499-24-3 722499-25-4 722499-26-5
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     722499-39-0
                  722499-40-3
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                             722499-50-5
                 722499-52-7 722499-53-8
     722499-51-6
                                               722499-54-9
     RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use);
    USES (Uses)
        (blue-emitting dopant; organic electroluminescent devices
       employing blue-emitting dopants based on amine derivs. of
       pyrene)
TT
     722498-96-6
     RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use);
     PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (blue-emitting dopant; organic electroluminescent devices
       employing blue-emitting dopants based on amine derivs. of
       pyrene)
ΙT
     722498-52-4P
                    722498-53-5P
                                   722498-55-7P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use);
     PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);
     USES (Uses)
        (blue-emitting dopant; organic electroluminescent devices
       employing blue-emitting dopants based on amine derivs. of
```

pyrene)

IT 76656-53-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (organic electroluminescent devices employing blue-emitting

dopants based on amine derivs. of pyrene)

L64 ANSWER 7 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:217178 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:261500

TITLE: Pyrenes as dopants for green-emitting organic

electroluminescent devices and displays

INVENTOR(S): Toyama, Wataru; Sato, Hiroyuki; Matsuura,

Azuma; Narisawa, Toshiaki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fujitsu Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 43 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATIO	ON NO. DATE
 JP 2004083507 A 20040318 JP 2002-24	2002
<	0828
JP 4060669 B2 20080312	
KR 2004019885 A 20040306 KR 2003-54	1519
	2003 0807
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TW 252056 B 20060321 TW 2003-92	
	2003 0807
<	0807
US 20040053069 A1 20040318 US 2003-63	36580
	2003
	0808
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EP 1403354 A1 20040331 EP 2003-18	
	2003 0808
<	0000
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, I	I, LU, NL, SE,
MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, A	AL, TR, BG, CZ,
EE, HU, SK	
CN 1487778 A 20040407 CN 2003-15	
	2003 0808
C	10270
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-24	18378 A 2002
	0828

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:261500

ED Entered STN: 18 Mar 2004

AB The pyrenes have substituents NR1R2 (R1, R2 = H, substituent) on position 1, 3, 6, and 8. The devices and displays have high green luminescence intensity and efficiency.

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IT 671212-46-7P 671212-47-8P 671212-48-9P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (manufacture of 1,3,6,8-substituted pyrenes as dopants for green-emitting organic electroluminescent devices and displays)

RN 671212-46-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3,6,8-Pyrenetetramine, N1,N3,N6,N8-tetrakis(3-methylphenyl)-N1,N3,N6,N8-tetraphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 671212-47-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3,6,8-Pyrenetetramine, N1,N3,N6,N8-tetra-1-naphthalenyl-N1,N3,N6,N8-tetraphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 671212-48-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzo[def]phenanthrene-1,3,6,8-tetramine, N1,N1,N3,N3,N6,N6,N8,N8-octakis[4-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

Me_V Me Me_C_Me PAGE 2-A

IC ICM C07C211-61 ICS C09K011-06; H05B033-14; H05B033-22

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 25, 73

IT 671212-46-7P 671212-47-8P 671212-48-9P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (manufacture of 1,3,6,8-substituted pyrenes as dopants for green-emitting organic electroluminescent devices and displays)

L64 ANSWER 8 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:198497 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:225545

TITLE: Phenylanthracenes for blue-emitting organic

electroluminescent devices having high luminescent intensity and efficiency

INVENTOR(S): Kawamura, Hisayuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 24 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004075580	A	20040311	JP 2002-235538	

2002

0813

JP 4065161 В2 20080319

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-235538

> 2002 0813

<--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:225545

Entered STN: 11 Mar 2004 ED

The phenylanthracenes are A1LA2 (I) (A1, A2 = phenylanthryl, diphenylanthryl; $L = C \ge 8$ AB polycyclic alicyclic group; A1 and A2 link via different atoms of L). Organic electroluminescent devices have emitter or hole-transporting layers containing I.

TТ 663954-33-4

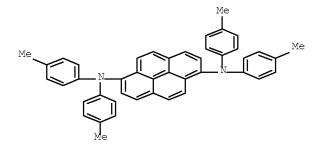
> RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(dopants; polycyclic alicyclic compds. bearing phenylanthracene groups as emitters or hole transporting materials for

blue-emitting organic electroluminescent devices)

RN 663954-33-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N1,N6,N6-tetrakis(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



ICM C07C013-615 IC

ICS C09K011-06; H05B033-14; H05B033-22

73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and CC Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 25

154853-83-5 663954-33-4 ΤТ

> RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(dopants; polycyclic alicyclic compds. bearing phenylanthracene groups as emitters or hole transporting materials for blue-emitting organic electroluminescent devices)

L64 ANSWER 9 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:182957 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:243296

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent devices and organic

luminescent medium

INVENTOR(S): Matsuura, Masahide; Funahashi, Masakazu;

Fukuoka, Kenichi; Hosokawa, Chishio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 77 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Japanese LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DA	TE.
	A1	20040304		03
HU, IE, IT,	LU, MC	, NL, PT,	DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR EP 2003-738656	
				03
MC, PT, IE,	SI, FI	, RO, CY,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK CN 2003-817301	
				03
CN 1842234	A	20061004	CN 2006-10067808	03
CN 101068041	А	20071107		03
TW 278248	В	20070401		03
US 20050064233	A1	20050324	< US 2003-617397 20	03
US 20060033421	A1	20060216	< US 2005-207933	05 22
US 20070237984	A1	20071011	< US 2007-761437	07 12
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				03
			< US 2003-617397 A3 20	03
				05 22

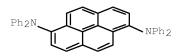
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:243296 ED Entered STN: 05 Mar 2004

- AB An organic electroluminescent device comprises a pair of electrodes and an organic luminescent medium layer which is placed between the electrodes and contains (A) a specific arylamine and (B) at least one compound selected from among specific anthracene derivs., spiro fluorene derivs., fused-ring compds., and metal complexes; and an organic luminescent medium containing the components (A) and (B). The organic electroluminescent device exhibits high color purity, excellent heat resistance and a long lifetime and emits blue to yellow light at high efficiency, and the organic luminescent medium is suitable for use in such devices.
- IT 76656-53-6 668019-96-3 668020-20-0 668020-26-6 668020-53-9 668020-61-9

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(organic electroluminescent devices and organic luminescent medium)

- RN 76656-53-6 HCAPLUS
- CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N1,N6,N6-tetraphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



- RN 668019-96-3 HCAPLUS
- CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis(4-methylphenyl)-N1,N6-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

- RN 668020-20-0 HCAPLUS
- CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, 3,8-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N1,N1,N6,N6tetrakis(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

- RN 668020-26-6 HCAPLUS
- CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, 3,8-bis(1-methylethyl)-N1,N1,N6,N6-tetrakis(4methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 668020-53-9 HCAPLUS

1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-N1,N6-bis[4-(1-1)CN methylethyl)phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

668020-61-9 HCAPLUS RN

1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-N1,N6-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl]-N1,N6-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl]-N1,N6-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl]-N1,N6-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl]-N1,N6-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethylethyl]-N1,N6-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethylethylethylethylethylethyll]-N1,N6-bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethylethylethyllethyllethyllethyllethyllethyllethyllethyllethyllethyllethyllethyllethyllethyllethyllbis[4-(1-methylethyl)phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

ICM C09K011-06 IC

ICS H05B033-14; H05B033-22

CC 73-5 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 25, 74

171408-93-8 ΙT 76656-53-6 122648-99-1 131625-67-7 244281-01-4 172285-79-9 172285-83-5 220721-68-6 279672-22-9 349666-25-7 400606-81-7 475461-15-5 668019-24-7 668019-64-5 668019-76-9 668019-96-3 668020-07-3 668020-14-2 668020-20-0

668020-39-1 668020-25-6 668020-28-8 668020-34-6

668020-46-0 668020-53-9 668020-61-9

668020-67-5 668020-74-4 668020-81-3 668020-88-0

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(organic electroluminescent devices and organic luminescent medium)

REFERENCE COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L64 ANSWER 10 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:162657 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:225502

TITLE: Oligoarylene derivatives for organic

electroluminescent devices

INVENTOR(S): Ikeda, Hidetsugu; Matsuura, Masahide;

Kawamura, Hisayuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

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JP	2004											234833			
															2002
											<				0812
EP	1533	290			A1		2005	0525	E			788055			
															2003
											<				0807
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	, ES,	FR,	GB,		•	LI, LU,	NL	, s	Ε,
			PT,	ΙE,			,					EE, HU,	SK		
CN	1675	149			A		2005	0928	C	N	2003-	819058			2003
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US	2006	0134	456		A1		2006	0622	U	IS	2005-	522546			2005
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									M	10	2003-	JP10071		M	0000
															2003 0807
											<				3007

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:225502

ED Entered STN: 29 Feb 2004

AB The invention relates to oligoarylene derivs. represented by Ar1-Ch-Ar2, Ch1-L-Ch2, Ar3-(L1)a-Ch3-(L2)b-Ar4, and Ar5-Ch4-(Ar7)n-L3-(Ar8)m-Ch5-Ar6(1) [Ch, Ch1 and Ch2 =

C14-20 condensed aromatic ring; Ch3, Ch4 and Ch5 = C14-20 arylene group; Ar1-6 = aryl group containing 5-30 atoms; Ar7 and Ar8 = arylene group containing 5-30 atoms; L1-3 = connecting group; and a, b, n and m = 0 or 1]. The oligoarylene derivs. are suited for use as a host material of a blue electroluminescent material in an organic electroluminescent device.

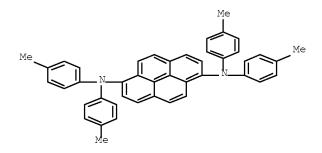
IT 663954-33-4P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(oligoarylene derivs. for organic electroluminescent devices)

RN 663954-33-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N1,N6,N6-tetrakis(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM C07C015-62

ICS C09K011-06; H05B033-14; H05B033-22

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and

Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 25

IT 154853-83-5P 663954-28-7P 663954-29-8P 663954-30-1P

663954-32-3P 663954-33-4P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); USES (Uses)

(oligoarylene derivs. for organic electroluminescent devices)

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L64 ANSWER 11 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:673843 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:221355

TITLE: Diaminonaphthalene compounds and their organic

electroluminescent devices having long

luminescence life and durability

INVENTOR(S): Totani, Yoshiyuki; Shimamura, Takehiko;

Ishida, Tsutomu; Tanabe, Yoshimitsu;

Nakatsuka, Masakatsu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 21 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003238502	А	20030827	JP 2002-36418	2002

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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2002-36418

2002

0214

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 139:221355

ED Entered STN: 28 Aug 2003

GΙ

The diaminonaphthalene compds. are represented by general formula of I [Ar1-Ar4 = (un)substituted aryl, ≥ 1 of Ar1-Ar4 = condensed aromatic hydrocarbyl; X1-X6 = H, OnZ; Z = (halogen-substituted) alkyl, aryl; n = 0, 1]. The organic EL device has ≥ 1 layers containing I, maybe in a hole injection-transporting layer or a luminescent layer. IT 586414-46-2P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(diaminonaphthalene compds. for hole injection-transporting layers or luminescent layers of organic EL devices having long luminescence life and durability)

RN 586414-46-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4-Naphthalenediamine, N1,N1,N4-tri-1-naphthalenyl-N4-4-pyrenyl-(CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

IC ICM C07C211-57

ICS C07C211-61; C09K011-06; H05B033-14; H05B033-22

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and

Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 25

IT 244280-93-1P 244280-97-5P 586414-40-6P 586414-41-7P

586414-42-8P 586414-43-9P 586414-44-0P 586414-45-1P

586414-46-2P

 ${\tt RL:\ DEV\ (Device\ component\ use);\ IMF\ (Industrial\ manufacture);\ PREP}$

(Preparation); USES (Uses)

(diaminonaphthalene compds. for hole injection-transporting layers or luminescent layers of organic EL devices having long

luminescence life and durability)

L64 ANSWER 12 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:239844 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:278159

TITLE: Aromatic amine and organic electroluminescent

device using the amine

INVENTOR(S):
Totani, Yoshiyuki; Shimamura, Takehiko;

Ishida, Tsutomu; Tanabe, Yoshimitsu;

Nakatsuka, Masakatsu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 20 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003089682	A	20030328	JP 2001-285020	
				2001
				0919
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-285020	
				2001
				0919
			<	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:278159

ED Entered STN: 28 Mar 2003

GT

AB The amine is that represented as I [Arl-Ar4 = (substituted) aryl; Rl-Rl0 = H, halogen, (O)nZ; Z = (halogen-substituted) linear, branched, or cyclic alkyl, (substituted) aryl; n = 0, 1]. The electroluminescent device is that having ≥1 layer containing I, preferably as a pos. hole-transporting layer or a light-emitting layer, sandwiched between a pair of electrodes.

IT 503299-14-7P 503299-15-8P 503299-16-9P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(aromatic amine for pos. hole-transporting layer or light-emitting

layer in organic electroluminescent device)

RN 503299-14-7 HCAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrenamine, N-[6-[4-(diphenylamino)phenyl]-2-naphthalenyl]-N-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 503299-15-8 HCAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrenamine, N-[6-[4-(1-naphthalenylphenylamino)phenyl]-2-naphthalenyl]-N-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 503299-16-9 HCAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrenamine, N-[6-[4-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylphenylamino)phenyl]-2-naphthalenyl]-N-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C07C211-57

ICS C07C211-58; C07C211-61; C09K011-06; H05B033-14; H05B033-22

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 25

IT 503299-09-0P 503299-10-3P 503299-11-4P 503299-12-5P

503299-13-6P 503299-14-7P 503299-15-8P

503299-16-9P 503299-17-0P

 ${\tt RL:}$ IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered

material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(aromatic amine for pos. hole-transporting layer or light-emitting layer in organic electroluminescent device)

L64 ANSWER 13 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:964695 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:47036

TITLE: Organic electroluminescence device with

gallium quinolinato complex and styryl arylene

host

INVENTOR(S): Hosokawa, Chishio; Funahashi, Masakazu; Sakai,

Toshio; Arakane, Takashi; Yamamoto, Hiroshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 73 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002102118	A1	20021219	WO 2002-JP4427	2002 0507
W: CN, IN, JP, RW: AT, BE, CH, MC, NL, PT, EP 1404160	CY, DE SE, TR		FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, EP 2002-724697	LU, 2002
MC, PT, IE,	SI, LT	, LV, FI,	< GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR	0507
			CN 2002-811332	2002 0507
			JP 2003-504716	2002 0507
US 20030077480	A1		US 2002-141982	2002 0510
TW 286911	В	20070911	TW 2002-91109908	2002 0513
US 20050227111	A1	20051013	US 2004-935102	2004 0908
US 7087322 US 20060257687		20060808 20061116	US 2006-480469	2006 0705
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			< JP 2001-170960	A 2001 0606
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			< US 2002-141982	2002 0510
			< US 2004-935102	A3 2004 0908

ED Entered STN: 20 Dec 2002

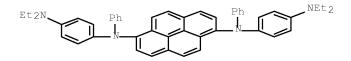
AB The invention refers to an organic electroluminescence device comprising at least one organic thin-film layer with a laminate containing a metal complex with energy gap > 2.8 eV, and a host material layer. The electroluminescence device exhibits a high luminance and has high emission efficiency and a long life.

IT 478702-59-9

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (organic electroluminescence device with gallium quinolinato complex and styryl arylene host)

RN 478702-59-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]-N1,N6diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM H05B033-22

ICS H05B033-14; C09K011-06

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and

Other Related Properties)

IT 23102-67-2 186412-15-7 221453-38-9 279672-58-1 403671-71-6

403671-73-8 478702-59-9 478702-60-2

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(organic electroluminescence device with gallium quinolinato $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

complex and styryl arylene host)

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L64 ANSWER 14 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:595531 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:161221

TITLE: 3,6,9-trisubstituted carbazoles for light

emitting diodes

INVENTOR(S):
Lin, Jiann T'suen; Thomas, K. R. Justin; Tao,

Yu-tai; Ko, Chung-wen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Academia Sinica, Taiwan

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 10 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20020107405	A1	20020808	US 2001-990576	
				2001
				1121
			<	
US 6649772	В2	20031118		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-252804P P	
				2000
				1122

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:161221

ED Entered STN: 09 Aug 2002

GΙ

AB Compds. are described by the general formula I (Z1 and Z2 = independently selected - N(R2)R3, II, and III; A1 and A2 - independently selected S, O, NR, or CH:CH; Y1, Y2 and R1-5 = independently selected aryl or heteroaryl groups; R6-11 = independently selected H, CN, alkyl, OR, NRR', COR, or C(O)OR; and R and R' = independently selected H or alkyl). Electroluminescent devices employing the compds. in hole-transporting and/or light-emitting layers are also described.

IT 340162-05-2P 340162-07-4P 340162-08-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(carbazole derivs. and light-emitting diodes using them)

RN 340162-05-2 HCAPLUS

CN 9H-Carbazole-3,6-diamine, N3,N6,9-triphenyl-N3,N6-di-1-pyrenyl-(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 340162-07-4 HCAPLUS

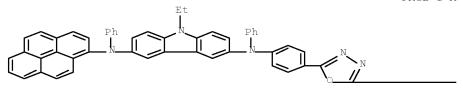
CN 9H-Carbazole-3,6-diamine, N3,N6-bis(4-methylphenyl)-9-phenyl-N3,N6-di-1-pyrenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 340162-08-5 HCAPLUS

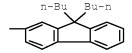
CN 9H-Carbazole-3,6-diamine, N3,N6-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-9-phenyl-N3,N6-di-1-pyrenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

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IC ICM C07D209-94
INCL 548439000
     73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and
     Other Related Properties)
     Section cross-reference(s): 27, 76
     340162-05-2P 340162-07-4P 340162-08-5P
TT
     410547-39-6P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (carbazole derivs. and light-emitting diodes using them)
L64 ANSWER 15 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
                         2002:587825 HCAPLUS Full-text
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         137:301792
TITLE:
                         Green and Yellow Electroluminescent Dipolar
                         Carbazole Derivatives: Features and Benefits
                         of Electron-Withdrawing Segments
AUTHOR(S):
                         Thomas, K. R. Justin; Lin, Jiann T.; Tao,
                         Yu-Tai; Chuen, Chang-Hao
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Institute of Chemistry, Academia Sinica,
                         Nankang, 115, Taiwan
SOURCE:
                         Chemistry of Materials (2002),
                         14(9), 3852-3859
                         CODEN: CMATEX; ISSN: 0897-4756
PUBLISHER:
                         American Chemical Society
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
ED
     Entered STN: 08 Aug 2002
     New multiply substituted carbazole derivs. containing fluorene or phenylene conjugated
     oxadiazole segments and quinoxaline units were obtained by Pd-catalyzed C-N coupling
     reactions. They are amorphous with the glass transition temperature (Tg) in the range 104-176°. The emission color of the materials varies from blue to yellow and is
     dependent on the nature of the electron-withdrawing segments and solvents. Two
     reversible 1-electron oxidns. were observed for these mols. in cyclic voltammograms,
     which originate from the peripheral 3,6-diarylamino units in the 3,6,9-trisubstituted
     derivs. and diarylamine and carbazole segments in the 3,9-disubstituted compds. Redns.
     originating from quinoxaline segments were also located for the mols. incorporating
     quinoxaline moieties. The double-layer organic light-emitting diodes fabricated using
     these compds. as hole-transporting/emitting layers and TPBI or Alq3 as an electron-
     transporting layer emit bluish green to yellow colors. The recombination zone is
     restricted in the HTL layer for the quinoxaline-containing mols. irresp. of the
     electron-transporting layer used and emission occurs from them. However, for the
     oxadiazole derivs. emission in the Alq3-based devices is either red shifted or
     resembles that of Alq3. Cyclic voltammetric and spectroscopic data support more
     pronounced electron affinity for the quinoxaline-incorporated carbazole derivs. than
     for the oxadiazole-tethered carbazole materials.
ΤТ
     468062-31-9P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified);
     PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (green and yellow electroluminescent dipolar carbazole derivs.
        and their electrochem. and spectral and luminescent properties
        affected by electron-withdrawing segments)
RN
     468062-31-9 HCAPLUS
     9H-Carbazole-3,6-diamine, N3-[4-[5-(9,9-dibutyl-9H-fluoren-2-yl)-
     1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl]phenyl]-9-ethyl-N3,N6-diphenyl-N6-1-pyrenyl-
     (CA INDEX NAME)
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PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and

Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 22, 72, 76

IT 468062-26-2P 468062-27-3P 468062-28-4P 468062-29-5P

468062-30-8P 468062-31-9P 468062-32-0P

RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified);

PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(green and yellow electroluminescent dipolar carbazole derivs. and their electrochem. and spectral and luminescent properties

affected by electron-withdrawing segments)

REFERENCE COUNT: 45 THERE ARE 45 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L64 ANSWER 16 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:538511 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:101222

TITLE: Hole transport compound and organic thin film

luminescent component

INVENTOR(S): Ito, Yuichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toppan Printing Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002203685	A	20020719	JP 2000-399866	
				2000 1228
			<	1220
JP 4061840	В2	20080319	0000 00000	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-399866	2000
				1228
			<	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:101222

ED Entered STN: 19 Jul 2002

GΙ

AB The invention refers to a tetrahydropyrene hole transport compound I [R1-2 = Ph, toly1, naphthy1, bipheny1, 9,9-dimethylfluorene-2-y1, or 4,5,9,10-tetrahydropyrene; and R1,2 and/or R3,4 may be connected and contain at least one carbazoyl or iminobenzy1, and the unconnected Rn = Ph, toly1, naphthy1, bipheny1, 9,9-dimethylfluorene-2-y1, or 4,5,9,10-tetrahydropyrene] with heat resistance properties.

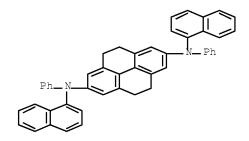
IT 403671-76-1P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(hole transport compound and organic thin film luminescent component)

RN 403671-76-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, 4,5,9,10-tetrahydro-N2,N7-di-1-naphthalenyl-N2,N7-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM H05B033-22

ICS C07C211-61; H05B033-14

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and

Other Related Properties)

IT 403671-76-1P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); USES (Uses)

(hole transport compound and organic thin film luminescent component)

L64 ANSWER 17 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:313483 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:332524

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent devices
INVENTOR(S): Hosokawa, Chishio; Funahashi, Masakazu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 20 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

_____ _____

A 20020426 JP 2002124385 JP 2000-319265

> 2000 1019

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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2000-319265

2000

1019

<--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:332524

Entered STN: 26 Apr 2002

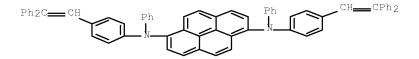
AΒ The devices comprise a pair of electrodes interposing an organic electroluminescent laminate containing a phosphor layer comprising a polyarom. hydrocarbon ring.

ΤТ 415683-11-3

> RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (organic electroluminescent devices)

415683-11-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N6-bis[4-(2,2-diphenylethenyl)phenyl]-N1,N6diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



ICM H05B033-14 TC

ICS C07C013-40; C07C013-615; C09B048-00; C09K011-06

CC73-5 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other

Related Properties)

2085-33-8, Tris(8-quinolinolato)aluminum 7439-93-2, Lithium, ΙT

uses 50926-11-9, ITO 65181-78-4, TPD 123847-85-8,

 α -NPD 274256-88-1 415683-03-3 415683-04-4

415683-05-5 415683-06-6 415683-07-7 415683-08-8

415683-09-9 415683-10-2 415683-11-3 415683-13-5

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (organic electroluminescent devices)

L64 ANSWER 18 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:273085 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:316695

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent device

INVENTOR(S): Agata, Takashi; Okuda, Daisuke; Yoneyama,

Hiroto; Seki, Mieko; Mashimo, Kiyokazu; Hirose, Eiichi; Sato, Katsuhiro; Nukada,

Katsuki

Fuji Xerox Co., Ltd., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 2002110360 A 20020412 JP 2000-303696 2000 1003

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2000-303696

2000 1003

<--

ED Entered STN: 12 Apr 2002

GΙ

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT

AB The invention relates to an organic electroluminescent device comprising the hole transporting material represented by I and II [R1-3=H, alkyl, alkoxy, etc.; R4=H, alkyl, aryl, etc.; X=divalent aromatic group; T=C1-10 divalent normal or branched hydrocarbon group; k=0 or 1].

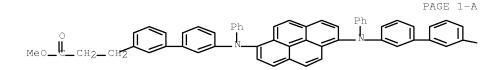
IT 409115-13-5

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(hole transporting material; organic electroluminescent device)

RN 409115-13-5 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-propanoic acid, 3',3'''-[1,6 pyrenediylbis(phenylimino)]bis-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)



PAGE 1-B

IC ICM H05B033-22

ICS C09K011-06; H05B033-14

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and

Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 25

IT 409115-12-4 409115-13-5 409115-14-6 409115-15-7

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(hole transporting material; organic electroluminescent device)

L64 ANSWER 19 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:185057 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:238791

TITLE: Novel arylamine compounds and organic

electroluminescent devices

INVENTOR(S): Hosokawa, Chishio; Funahashi, Masakazu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 44 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002020460	A1	20020314	WO 2001-JP7477	2001 0830
			<	0030
W: CN, IN, KR RW: AT, BE, CH MC, NL, PT			FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,	LU,
JP 2002080433	А	20020319	JP 2000-268833	2000 0905
TD 2000002	D 0	00071001	<	
JP 3998903 EP 1219590		20071031 20020703	EP 2001-961205	2001 0830
D 10 DE 60		F6 F5	<	C
R: AT, BE, CH MC, PT, IE			GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	SE,
CN 1775737	A	20060524	CN 2005-10109955	2001 0830
US 20020137969	A1	20020926	< US 2001-945633	
			<	2001 0905
US 6515182	В2	20030204		
IN 2002CN00656	A	20071221	IN 2002-CN656	2002 0503
KR 831510	В1	20080522	< KR 2002-705857	
			<	2002 0506
US 20030018218	A1	20030123	US 2002-193323	
				2002 0712
HG ((F7004	D 2	20021202	<	
US 6657084 US 20040054232	B2 A1	20031202 20040318	US 2003-658417	2003
			<	0910
US 7081550 US 20060186799	B2 A1	20060725 20060824	US 2006-406400	
05 20000100733	711	20000024	05 2000 400400	2006 0419
IN 2006CN02746	Α	20070608	< IN 2006-CN2746	
				2006 0725
JP 2007266620	А	20071011	< JP 2007-131496	
				2007 0517
KR 2007118709	А	20071217	< KR 2007-727193	2007
			<	1122
RITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-268833 A	2000

	<		0905
СИ	2001-802631	A3	2001 0830
WO	< 2001-JP7477	M	2001 0830
US	2001-945633	A3	2001 0905
IN	2002-CN656	A3	2002 0503
KR	< 2002-705857	A3	2002 0506
US	< 2002-193323	A1	2002 0712
US	< 2003-658417	A1	2003 0910

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:238791

ED Entered STN: 15 Mar 2002

GΙ

AB Novel arylamine compds. I, and an organic electroluminescent device whose organic compound layer contains a novel arylamine compound described above: I (wherein R1 and R2 are each independently alkyl, alkoxy, aryl, arylalkyl, or aryloxy; and Ar1 to Ar4 may be each independently aryl or a heterocyclic group, but at least 2 of Ar1 to Ar4 must be each m-biphenyl or aryl-substituted biphenyl with the remainder being each biphenyl, provided that when the aryl-substituted biphenyl is di-aryl-substituted biphenyl, the remainder are each aryl). The invention provides organic electroluminescent devices exhibiting high luminance, high heat resistance, long lifetime and high light emitting efficiency, and novel arylamine compds. capable of realizing such electroluminescent devices.

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IT 403671-75-0 403671-76-1

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(novel arylamine compds. and organic electroluminescent devices)

RN 403671-75-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, N2,N2,N7,N7-tetrakis([1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-4,5,9,10-tetrahydro- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 403671-76-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2,7-Pyrenediamine, 4,5,9,10-tetrahydro-N2,N7-di-1-naphthalenyl-N2,N7-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C07C211-61

ICS C07C225-22; C09K011-06; H05B033-14; H05B033-22

CC 73-5 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 25

IT 2085-33-8, Tris(8-quinolinolato)aluminum 7439-93-2, Lithium,
uses 50926-11-9, ITO 65181-78-4, TPD 403671-75-0
403671-76-1 403671-77-2 403671-78-3 403671-79-4

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(novel arylamine compds. and organic electroluminescent devices)

REFERENCE COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L64 ANSWER 20 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:47845 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:126476

TITLE: Purification of material for electronic use

using activated clay, and purified product

INVENTOR(S):
Abe, Katsumi; Nishimura, Tomonori; Watanabe,

Takanobu; Suzuka, Susumu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hodogaya Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

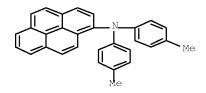
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

JP 2000-199334 JP 2002014478 20020118 2000 0630 US 20030050489 20030313 A1 US 2001-893684 2001 0629 <--US 6858161 В2 20050222 JP 2000-199334 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 2000 0630 <--Entered STN: 18 Jan 2002 ED Purification of the material or its intermediate for electronic use, e.g. AΒ electrophotog. photoreceptors and electroluminescent materials, is carried out by dissolving it in an organic solvent, followed by contacting with activated clay at 65-200°, preferably at 80-130°. The purified material gives highly sensitive electronic apparatus 131625-67-7P ТТ RL: DEV (Device component use); PUR (Purification or recovery); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (charge-transporting agent; purification of material for electronic use using activated clay) RN 131625-67-7 HCAPLUS



ICM G03G005-00

CN

ΙC

ICS B01D015-00; B01J020-12; G03G005-06; C09K011-06 CC 74-3 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 73 20440-95-3P 65181-78-4P 82532-76-1P 83992-95-4P 89114-90-9P 89114-91-0P 89115-11-7P 106614-59-9P ΙT 119344-18-2P 122738-25-4P 124373-59-7P 129119-41-1P 129119-42-2P 131625-67-7P 132571-92-7P 148077-51-4P 167218-46-4P 169685-34-1P 178477-02-6P 178477-07-1P 204326-97-6P 389867-91-8P 389867-92-9P RL: DEV (Device component use); PUR (Purification or recovery); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (charge-transporting agent; purification of material for electronic use using activated clay)

1-Pyrenamine, N, N-bis(4-methylphenyl) - (CA INDEX NAME)

L64 ANSWER 21 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:932596 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:61299

TITLE: Electroluminescent device using styrylamines

INVENTOR(S): Arai, Kazumi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 33 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 JP 2001354955	A	20011225	JP 2000-177761	2000 0614
JP 4076709 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	В2	20080416	< JP 2000-177761	2000 0614

<--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:61299

ED Entered STN: 27 Dec 2001

The invention relates to a red-emitting electroluminescent device comprising R1R2R3N [R1-3 = (un)substituted aryl, hetercyclyl, aliphatic hydrocarbyl; ≥2 of R1-3 is aryl or heterocyclyl; ≥1 of R1-3 is aryl or heterocyclyl formed by ≥3 rings; ≥2 of R1-3 may form a ring; ≥1 R1-3 is substituted by a group (5 - 7 membered ring):C(R4)(CR5:CR6)m- (R4-6 = H, substituent; m = 0, 1 or 2)]. The red luminous component offers superior in color purity.

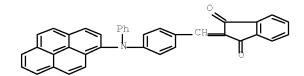
IT 382601-10-7P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(electroluminescent devices using styrylamines)

RN 382601-10-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Indene-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[4-(phenyl-1-pyrenylamino)phenyl]methylene]- (CA INDEX NAME)



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T.C.
     ICM C09K011-06
     ICS C09K011-06; C07C225-22; C07D209-88; C07D333-36; C07D401-12;
          C07D409-12; C07D413-12; C07D417-12; C07D471-04; H05B033-14
     73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and
CC
     Other Related Properties)
     Section cross-reference(s): 74
ΙT
     382601-08-3P
                    382601-09-4P 382601-10-7P
                                               382601-11-8P
     382601-12-9P
                    382601-13-0P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (electroluminescent devices using styrylamines)
```

L64 ANSWER 22 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:619658 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:357646

TITLE: Light-Emitting Carbazole Derivatives: Potential Electroluminescent Materials

AUTHOR(S): Thomas, K. R. Justin; Lin, Jiann T.; Tao,

Yu-Tai; Ko, Chung-Wen

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Chemistry, Academia Sinica,

Taipei, 115, Taiwan

SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (

2001), 123(38), 9404-9411 CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

CASREACT 135:357646 OTHER SOURCE(S):

Entered STN: 28 Aug 2001

Stable carbazole derivs. that contain peripheral diarylamines at the 3- and 6-positions and an Et or aryl substituent at the 9-position of the carbazole moiety have been synthesized via palladium-catalyzed C-N bond formation. These new carbazole compds. (carbs) are amorphous with high glass transition temps. (Tg, 120-194 °C) and high thermal decomposition temps. (Td > 450 °C). The compds. are weakly to moderately luminescent in nature. The emission wavelength ranges from green to blue and is dependent on the substituent at the peripheral nitrogen atoms. Two types of lightemitting diodes were constructed from carb: (I) ITO/carb/TPBI/Mg:Ag and (II) ITO/carb/Alq3/Mg:Ag, where TPBI and Alq3 are 1,3,5-tris(N-phenylbenzimidazol-2yl)benzene and tris(8-hydroxyquinoline) aluminum, resp. In type I devices, the carb functions as the hole-transporting as well as emitting material. In type II devices, either carb, or Alq3 is the light-emitting material. Several green light-emitting devices exhibit exceptional maximum brightness, and the phys. performance appears to be better than those of typical green light-emitting devices of the structure ITO/diamine/Alq3/Mg:Ag. The relation between the LUMO of the carb and the performance of the light-emitting diode is discussed.

340162-05-2P 373390-02-4P 373390-03-5P TТ

373390-04-6P

RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of light-emitting carbazole derivs. as potential electroluminescent materials)

RN 340162-05-2 HCAPLUS

9H-Carbazole-3,6-diamine, N3,N6,9-triphenyl-N3,N6-di-1-pyrenyl-CN(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 373390-02-4 HCAPLUS

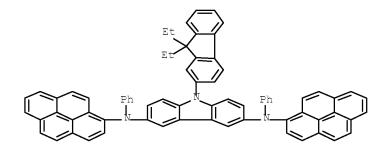
9H-Carbazole-3,6-diamine, 9-ethyl-N3,N6-diphenyl-N3,N6-di-1pyrenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

373390-03-5 HCAPLUS RN

Benzonitrile, 4-[3,6-bis(phenyl-1-pyrenylamino)-9H-carbazol-9-yl]-CN (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 373390-04-6 HCAPLUS

CN 9H-Carbazole-3,6-diamine, 9-(9,9-diethyl-9H-fluoren-2-yl)-N3,N6-diphenyl-N3,N6-di-1-pyrenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

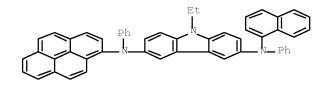


IT 373390-00-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of light-emitting carbazole derivs. as potential electroluminescent materials)

RN 373390-00-2 HCAPLUS

CN 9H-Carbazole-3,6-diamine, 9-ethyl-N3-1-naphthalenyl-N3,N6-diphenyl-N6-1-pyrenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 22-9 (Physical Organic Chemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 73, 74, 76

IT 144726-91-0P 340162-05-2P 373390-01-3P 373390-02-4P 373390-03-5P 373390-04-6P

373390-05-7P 373390-06-8P

RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of light-emitting carbazole derivs. as potential electroluminescent materials)

IT 373390-00-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

REFERENCE COUNT: 59 THERE ARE 59 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L64 ANSWER 23 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:102739 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:373783

TITLE: Novel green light-emitting carbazole

derivatives: potential electroluminescent

materials

AUTHOR(S): Thomas, K. R. Justin; Lin, Jiann T.; Tao,

Yu-Tai; Ko, Chung-Wen

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Chemistry, Academia Sinica,

Taipei, 115, Taiwan

SOURCE: Advanced Materials (Weinheim, Germany) (

2000), 12(24), 1949-1951

CODEN: ADVMEW; ISSN: 0935-9648

PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 12 Feb 2001

AB The authors synthesized new carbazole-based, hole-transporting, green-light-emitting mols. with high glass transition temperature that are potentially useful for applications in electroluminescent devices. The authors describe an efficient synthesis of 3,6-bis(diarylamino)carbazole by Pd-catalyzed amination of 3,6-dibromocarbazole, and the use of the resulting triamines in LED fabrication.

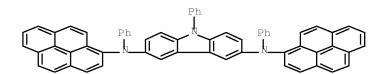
IT 340162-05-2P 340162-07-4P 340162-08-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(novel green light-emitting carbazole derivs. with potential electroluminescent materials in relation to hole transport)

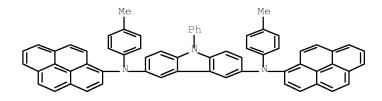
RN 340162-05-2 HCAPLUS

CN 9H-Carbazole-3,6-diamine, N3,N6,9-triphenyl-N3,N6-di-1-pyrenyl-(CA INDEX NAME)



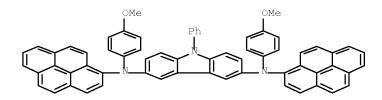
RN 340162-07-4 HCAPLUS

CN 9H-Carbazole-3,6-diamine, N3,N6-bis(4-methylphenyl)-9-phenyl-N3,N6-di-1-pyrenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 340162-08-5 HCAPLUS

CN 9H-Carbazole-3,6-diamine, N3,N6-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-9-phenyl-N3,N6-di-1-pyrenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



Section cross-reference(s): 22, 67, 72, 74, 76

IT 340162-05-2P 340162-07-4P 340162-08-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic

preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(novel green light-emitting carbazole derivs. with potential electroluminescent materials in relation to hole transport)

REFERENCE COUNT: 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L64 ANSWER 24 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:764221 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:30988

TITLE: Organic compound and electroluminescent device

using the same

INVENTOR(S): Senoo, Akihiko; Toshida, Yomishi; Hashimoto,

Yuichi; Ueno, Kazunori; Mashimo, Seiji;

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

Urakawa, Shinichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Canon Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 57 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

KIND DATE

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

	18111 110.	ICTIVE	DIIIL	THE BECHEFOR NO.	DIIID
EP	879868	A2	19981125	EP 1998-303790	
					1998
					0514
				<	
			19990107		
EP	879868		20020403		
		-		GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	SE,
	MC, PT, IE,				
JP	11035532	A	19990209	JP 1998-145179	
					1998
					0512
	2500004	D .0	00040000	<	
		B2 B1		HC 1000 70570	
05	001/90/	BI	20030211	US 1998-78570	1998
					0514
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IIC	20030157364	A1	20030821	`	
05	20030137304	VI	20030021	05 2002-200002	2002
					1009
				<	1007
US	6858325	В2	20050222	•	
PRIORITY	Y APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1997-142958	A
					1997
					0519

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US 1998-78570 A3 1998

0514

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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 130:30988

ED Entered STN: 07 Dec 1998

AB Organic compds. are described which are represented by the general formula Ar1(Ar3)N-X-NAr2(Ar4) (X = (un)substituted arylene group or (un)substituted heterocyclic group; and each of at least 2 groups among Ar1, Ar2, Ar3, and Ar4 = (un)substituted fluorenyl, and the remainder = (un)substituted aryl). Electroluminescent devices formed of a pair of electrodes and an organic layer including ≥ 1 of the compds described above interposed between the electrodes are also described. Preparation of the compds entails reacting I-X-I with compds. described by the general formula HNArAr' (Ar, Ar' = desired (un)substituted fluorenyl and (un)substituted aryl groups).

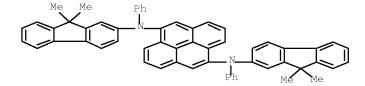
IT 216454-21-6P 216454-57-8P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(organic diamino compds. and their preparation and electroluminescent devices using them) $\$

RN 216454-21-6 HCAPLUS

CN 4,9-Pyrenediamine, N4,N9-bis(9,9-dimethyl-9H-fluoren-2-yl)-N4,N9-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 216454-57-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N1,N6,N6-tetrakis(9,9-dimethyl-9H-fluoren-2-yl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C09K011-06 ICS H05B033-14

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 25

IT 216453-88-2P 216453-89-3P 216453-90-6P 216453-91-7P 216453-92-8P 216453-93-9P 216453-96-2P 216453-97-3P 216453-98-4P 216453-99-5P 216454-01-2P 216454-02-3P

216454-03-4P 216454-05-6P 216454-06-7P 216454-07-8P 216454-08-9P 216454-09-0P 216454-10-3P 216454-11-4P 216454-12-5P 216454-13-6P 216454-14-7P 216454-15-8P 216454-16-9P 216454-17-0P 216454-18-1P 216454-19-2P 216454-20-5P 216454-21-6P 216454-22-7P 216454-23-8P 216454-24-9P 216454-26-1P 216454-27-2P 216454-28-3P 216454-29-4P 216454-30-7P 216454-31-8P 216454-32-9P 216454-34-1P 216454-36-3P 216454-37-4P 216454-41-0P 216454-42-1P 216454-43-2P 216454-44-3P 216454-45-4P 216454-46-5P 216454-47-6P 216454-48-7P 216454-49-8P 216454-50-1P 216454-51-2P 216454-52-3P 216454-53-4P 216454-54-5P 216454-55-6P 216454-56-7P 216454-57-8P 216454-58-9P 216454-59-0P 216454-60-3P 216454-61-4P 216454-62-5P 216454-63-6P 216454-64-7P 216454-65-8P 216454-66-9P 216454-67-0P 216454-68-1P 216454-69-2P 216454-70-5P 216454-71-6P 216454-72-7P 216454-73-8P 216454-75-0P 216454-74-9P 216454-76-1P 216454-77-2P 216454-78-3P 216454-79-4P 216454-80-7P 216454-81-8P 216454-84-1P 216454-83-0P 216454-82-9P 216454-85-2P 216454-86-3P 216454-87-4P 216454-88-5P 216454-89-6P RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (organic diamino compds. and their preparation and electroluminescent devices using them)

L64 ANSWER 25 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:651124 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:308409

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 129:62808a,62809a

TITLE: Positive-hole injection material for organic

electroluminescent device

INVENTOR(S): Enokida, Toshio; Onikubo, Shunichi; Tamano,

Michiko; Okutsu, Satoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyo Ink Mfg. Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 43 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	JP 10265773	A	19981006	JP 1997-69911	
					1997
					0324
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				JP 1997-69911	
					1997
					0324
				<	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 129:308409

ED Entered STN: 14 Oct 1998

GΙ

AB The material has a formula I [R1-20 = H, halo, alkyl, alkoxy, thioalkoxy, amino,
 monocyclic group, polycyclic group, Q; R21-25 = H, halo, alkyl, alkoxy, thioalkoxy,
 amino, monocyclic group, polycyclic group; R21-25 may form a cycloalkyl ring, aryl
 ring; X1 = direct bond, alkylene, (CR26R27)xO(CR28R29)y, (CR30R31)xS(CR32R33)y, O, S,
 CO, SO2, SiR34(R35), NR36, PR37, PO(R38); x, y = 0-8 integer; x = y ≠ 0; Z1 = Ar1,
 Ar2NR39Ar3, Ar4NR40Ar5NR41Ar6; Ar1-6 = arylene; R26-41 = alkyl, monocyclic group,
 polycyclic group]. The device shows high luminance, efficiency, long life, and storage
 stability.
IT 214338-08-6

RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) $\,$

(organic electroluminescent device containing aromatic pos.-hole injection material)

RN 214338-08-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3-Pyrenediamine, N1,N1,N3,N3-tetrakis[4-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

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ICM C09K011-06
IC
CC
     73-12 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and
    Other Related Properties)
                                              213968-38-8
ΙT
    177799-15-4
                 205697-02-5
                                213968-34-4
                 213968-69-5
                                214337-93-6
                                              214337-94-7
     213968-61-7
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                 214338-02-0
                               214338-03-1
                                              214338-04-2
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214338-07-5 214338-08-6 214338-05-3 214338-06-4 214338-09-7 214338-10-0 214338-11-1 214338-12-2 214338-13-3 214338-14-4 214338-15-5 214338-17-7 214338-18-8 214338-19-9 214338-16-6 214338-20-2 214338-21-3 214338-22-4 214338-23-5 214338-24-6 214338-25-7 214338-26-8 214338-27-9 214338-28-0 214338-29-1 214338-30-4 214338-31-5 214338-32-6 214338-33-7 214338-34-8 214338-35-9 214338-36-0 214338-37-1 214338-38-2 214338-39-3 214338-40-6 214338-41-7 214338-42-8 214338-43-9 214338-44-0 214338-45-1 214338-46-2 214338-47-3 214338-48-4 214338-49-5 214338-50-8 214338-51-9 214338-52-0 214338-53-1 214338-54-2 214338-55-3 214338-56-4 $214338 - 57 - 5 \qquad 214338 - 58 - 6 \qquad 214338 - 59 - 7 \qquad 214338 - 60 - 0$ 214338-61-1 214338-62-2 214338-63-3 214338-64-4 214338-65-5 214338-66-6 214338-67-7 214338-68-8 214338-69-9 214338-70-2 214338-71-3 214338-72-4 214338-73-5 214338-74-6 214338-75-7 214338-76-8 214338-77-9

RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(organic electroluminescent device containing aromatic pos.-hole injection material)

L64 ANSWER 26 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:614437 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:295965

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 129:60239a,60242a

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent device with high

luminance and polycyclic phosphorescent

compound therefor

INVENTOR(S): Onikubo, Shunichi; Tamano, Michiko; Okutsu,

Satoshi; Enokida, Toshio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyo Ink Mfg. Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 59 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 10251633	А	19980922	JP 1997-62568	1997
			<	0317
JP 3503403	В2	20040308	,	
EP 866110	A1	19980923	EP 1998-301986	
				1998 0317
			<	
EP 866110				
			GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	SE,
MC, PT, IE, EP 934992	•			
				1998 0317
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EP 934992	В1	20040721		
R: DE, FR, GB US 6280859	В1	20010828	US 1998-42569	
				1998 0317
			<	
US 20010033944	A1	20011025		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1997-62568

1997 0317

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EP 1998-301986 A

1998 0317

<--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 129:295965

ED Entered STN: 29 Sep 1998

GΙ

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT

*

AB The claimed compound is I [A = aromatic (condensed) ring, (condensed) heterocycle excluding Q1 (E = H or linkage), bivalent group comprising ≥ 2 kinds of 2-10 above ring systems which are connected directly or via O, N, S, C1-20 chain, nonarom. cycle, where the case of A = Q3 is excluded; Ar1-4 = (condensed) aromatic group; X1-4 = O, S, CO, SO2, CxH2xOCyH2y (x, y = 0-20; x + y \neq 0), C2-20 alkyl(id)ene, bivalent alicyclic group; R1-20 = H, halo, alkyl (oxy), aromatic ring, aromatic heterocycle, amino]. Also claimed is an organic electroluminescent device containing I with high luminance and good stability in repeated uses.

IT 213968-46-8

RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(luminescent material; organic electroluminescent device containing polycyclic phosphorescent compound with high luminance)

RN 213968-46-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N1,N6,N6-tetrakis[4-(1-methyl-1phenylethyl)phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C09K011-06

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and
Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 25

205697-02-5 213968-34-4 213968-36-6 213968-38-8 213968-40-2 213968-41-3 213968-42-4 213968-43-5 213968-44-6 213968-45-7 213968-46-8 213968-47-9 213968-48-0 213968-49-1 213968-50-4 213968-51-5 213968-55-9 213968-52-6 213968-53-7 213968-54-8 213968-56-0 213968-57-1 213968-58-2 213968-59-3 213968-61-7 213968-60-6 213968-62-8 213968-63-9 213968-64-0 213968-65-1 213968-66-2 213968-67-3 213968-68-4 213968-69-5 213968-70-8 213968-71-9

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213968-73-1 213968-74-2
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     213969-16-5 213969-17-6 213969-18-7 213969-19-8
     213969-20-1 213969-21-2 213969-22-3 213969-23-4
     RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); USES (Uses)
       (luminescent material; organic electroluminescent device containing
        polycyclic phosphorescent compound with high luminance)
L64 ANSWER 27 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:211295 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        128:263742
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 128:52077a,52080a
                        organic electroluminescent devices with high
TITLE:
                        durability and using N-phenylaminopyrene
                        derivatives
                        Tamura, Shinichiro; Ichimura, Mari
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                       Sony Corp., Japan
SOURCE:
                       Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.
                       CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                       Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
                               -----
                        ____
     _____
     JP 10088122 A 19980407 JP 1996-240885
                                                                   1996
                                                                   0912
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            JP 1996-240885
                                                                   1996
                                                                   0912
                                               <--
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                   MARPAT 128:263742
ED Entered STN: 15 Apr 1998
* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT
     The devices, showing high luminance efficiency, contain N-phenylaminopyrene derivs.
     preferably represented by \geq 1 of I-III [R1-3 = H, alkyl (oxy), halo, and/or
     (un) substituted Ph] as hole-transporting materials in emitting layers.
     142827-48-3P 205037-20-3P 205037-22-5P
     205037-23-6P 205037-24-7P 205037-25-8P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified);
     TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation);
     USES (Uses)
       (in preparation of N-phenylaminopyrene derivs. for
        electroluminescent devices with excellent durability)
    142827-48-3 HCAPLUS
    1,8-Pyrenediamine, N,N,N',N'-tetrakis(4-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA
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GΙ

AB

RN

INDEX NAME)

RN 205037-20-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1,8-Pyrenediamine, N1,N1,N8,N8-tetraphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 205037-22-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrenamine, 8-methyl-N,N-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 205037-23-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrenamine, 8-methyl-N, N-bis(4-methylphenyl) - (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 205037-24-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3,6,8-Pyrenetetramine, N1,N1,N3,N3,N6,N6,N8,N8-octaphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 205037-25-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3,6,8-Pyrenetetramine, N1,N1,N3,N3,N6,N6,N8,N8-octakis(4methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

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PAGE 2-A

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IC ICM C09K011-06

ICS H05B033-14; H05B033-22

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 25

IT 142827-48-3P 205037-20-3P 205037-22-5P 205037-23-6P 205037-24-7P 205037-25-8P

RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(in preparation of N-phenylaminopyrene derivs. for electroluminescent devices with excellent durability)

L64 ANSWER 28 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:678708 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:17237
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 128:3255a,3258a

Organic electroluminescent device elements TITLE:

INVENTOR(S): Enokida, Toshio; Tamano, Michiko Toyo Ink Mfg. Co., Ltd., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 33 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 09268284	A	19971014	JP 1996-78501	
				1996
				0401
			<	
JP 3564859	В2	20040915		
PRIORITY APPLN. I			JP 1996-78501	
			01 1990 70001	1996
				0401
				0401

<--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 128:17237

Entered STN: 25 Oct 1997

GΙ

$$(Y^4)_{m}^4 X^4 X^1 (Y^1)_{m}^1$$

 $(Y^3)_{m}^3 X^3 X^3 X^2 (Y^2)_{m}^2 I$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^1 & R^2 \\
 & E & E \\
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^3 & R^4 \\
 & E & E \\
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^3 & R^4 \\
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^3 & R^4 \\
\end{array}$$

The elements comprise the phosphors I containing II; I [A, X1-4 = C2-20 arylene; m1, AB m2, m3, m4 = 0-2; Y1-4 = II] II [R1-4 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, (un)substituted aryl, CN; Z = (un)substituted aryl; n = 0, 1]; a tertiary amine derivative (B1,2N)G(NB3,4) formed between the phosphor and the anode [B1-4 = (un)substituted C6-20 aryl; $G = \frac{1}{2}$ (un)substituted arylene]; and a metal complex Q1, 2GaL formed between the phosphor and the cathode [Q1,2 = (un)substituted hydrobenzoquinoline derivative; L = halo, (un)substituted (cyclo)alkyl, aryl cong. optional (un)substituted N, OR (R \equiv L)].

ΙT 198903-47-8

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (organic electroluminescent device elements)

RN198903-47-8 HCAPLUS

CN1,2-Pyrenediamine, N1,N1,N2,N2-tetrakis[4-(2-phenylethenyl)phenyl]-(CA INDEX NAME)

ICM C09K011-06 ICS H05B033-14

CC 73-5 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other

Related Properties)

517-51-1 905-62-4 980-26-7 1047-16-1 1499-10-1 2085-33-8 ΙT 13978-85-3 14642-34-3 15082-28-7 38215-36-0 7520-01-6 58473-78-2 61843-06-9 65181-78-4 51325-91-8 58361-82-3 73276-70-7 99762-78-4 123847-85-8 139255-17-7 143010-15-5

146162-54-1 146162-63-2 150405-69-9 151026-65-2 164259-44-3 166444-98-0 185505-35-5 186965-89-9 188049-37-8 188049-39-0 188049-36-7 188049-41-4 189263-95-4 198903-35-4 198903-36-5 198903-37-6 198903-38-7 198903-39-8 198903-40-1 198903-41-2 198903-42-3 198903-43-4 198903-44-5 198903-45-6 198903-46-7 198903-47-8 198903-48-9 198903-49-0 198903-50-3 198903-51-4 198903-52-5 198903-53-6

198903-54-7 198903-55-8 198903-56-9 198903-57-0 198903-59-2 198903-60-5 198903-58-1 198903-61-6 198903-62-7 198903-63-8 198903-64-9

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(organic electroluminescent device elements)

L64 ANSWER 29 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:72156 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:96671

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 126:18533a,18536a

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent device

INVENTOR(S): Nagai, Kazukyo; Adachi, Chihaya; Tamoto, Nozomi; Anzai, Mitsutoshi; Murakami, Yasuo PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Ricoh KK, Japan; Hodogaya Chemical Co., Ltd.

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 22 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Japanese LANGUAGE:

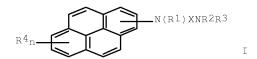
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 08302341	A	19961119	JP 1995-127149	
				1995 0427
			<	0 1 2 .
JP 3537915 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	В2	20040614	JP 1995-127149	
FRIORITI AFFIN. INFO			OF 1990-12/149	1995
				0427
			<	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 126:96671 ED Entered STN: 01 Feb 1997

GΙ



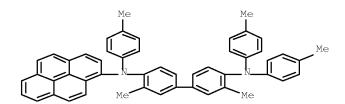
AB An organic electroluminescent device comprise a organic multilayer structure sandwiched between a cathode and an anode, wherein the multilayer contains a light emitting layer including a compound represented by I [R1-3] = independently alkyl or aryl (un)substituted groups; R4 = H, alkyl, and alkoxy; H0 = integer H1-3; H3 = H4 = H5 alkyl, and alkoxy; H5 = H6 arylene or divalent heterocyclic groups].

IT 168638-10-6 171889-69-3

RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (organic electroluminescent device)

RN 168638-10-6 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine, 3,3'-dimethyl-N,N,N'-tris(4-methylphenyl)-N'-1-pyrenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 171889-69-3 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine, N,N,N'-tris(3-methoxyphenyl)-3,3'-dimethyl-N'-1-pyrenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C09K011-06

ICS H05B033-14

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and

Other Related Properties)

IT 134917-82-1 148044-09-1 157019-71-1 168638-08-2 168638-09-3 168638-10-6 171889-69-3

185556-22-3

RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (organic electroluminescent device)

L64 ANSWER 30 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1997:14744 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:75353
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 126:14591a,14594a

TITLE: Aromatic polycarbonates and preparation method

Suzuki, Tetsuo; Sasaki, Masaomi; Tamura, INVENTOR(S): Hiroshi; Shimada, Tomoyuki; Oota, Masabumi;

Anzai, Mitsutoshi; Imai, Akihiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Kk, Japan; Hodogaya Chemical Co Ltd

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	API	PLICATION NO.	_	DATE
 JP 08269183	А	19961015	JP	1995-269175		1995 0922
US 5747204	А	19980505		< 1996-665702		1996
US 5830980	A	19981103		< 1997-956284		0618 1997
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				< 1994-315722	A	1023
				< 1994-315721	A	1125 1994
				< 1995-269175	А	1125
				< 1995-269176	A	1995 0922
				< 1995-562154	В2	1995 0922
				<	B∠	1995 1122
			JP	1995-333992	A	1995 1129
			US	1996-665702	A3	1996 0618
				\		

Entered STN: 11 Jan 1997 ED

GΙ

AB The title polymers, bearing the repeating units of I [R1-R3 = (un)substituted alkyl, halo; R4 = H, (un)substituted alkyl; R5, R6 = (un)substituted aromatic hydrocarbyl; X = aliphatic (cyclo)hydrocarbylene; l, m, n = 0-4], are prepared by polymerization of tertiary amino group-containing biphenols with ClCO2XO2CCl. The polymers are useful for electrophotog. and electroluminescent materials (no data). Thus, polymerization of 1,1-bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1- (4-di-p-tolylaminophenyl)ethane with diethylene glycol bis(chloroformate) gave a polymer having Tg 119°, and Mw 46,000.

IT 184363-47-1P 184363-53-9P 184874-72-4P 184874-80-4P 134874-81-5P 184874-82-6P 184874-83-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(aromatic polycarbonates and their preparation method for electrophotog. and electroluminescent materials)

RN 184363-47-1 HCAPLUS

Poly[oxycarbonyloxy-1,2-ethanediyloxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyloxy-1,4-phenylene[1-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)-1-pyrenylamino]phenyl]ethylidene]-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

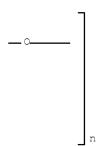
PAGE 1-B

RN 184363-53-9 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[oxycarbonyloxy-1,6-hexanediyloxycarbonyloxy-1,4-phenylene[1[4-[(4-methylphenyl)-1-pyrenylamino]phenyl]ethylidene]-1,4phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B



RN 184874-72-4 HCAPLUS

CN Carbonochloridic acid, oxydi-2,1-ethanediyl ester, polymer with 4,4'-[1-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)-1-pyrenylamino]phenyl]ethylidene]bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 174829-95-9 CMF C43 H33 N O2

CM 2

CRN 106-75-2 CMF C6 H8 C12 O5

RN 184874-80-4 HCAPLUS
CN Carbonochloridic acid, 1,6-hexanediyl ester, polymer with 4,4'-[1-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)-1-pyrenylamino]phenyl]ethylidene]bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 174829-95-9 CMF C43 H33 N O2

CM 2

CRN 2916-20-3 CMF C8 H12 C12 O4

RN 184874-81-5 HCAPLUS

CN Carbonochloridic acid, (1-methylethylidene)di-4,1-phenylene ester, polymer with 4,4'-[1-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)-1-pyrenylamino]phenyl]ethylidene]bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 174829-95-9 CMF C43 H33 N O2

CM 2

CRN 2024-88-6 CMF C17 H14 C12 O4

RN 184874-82-6 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[oxycarbonyloxy-1,4-phenylene(1-methylethylidene)-1,4-phenyleneoxycarbonyloxy-1,4-phenylene[1-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)-1-pyrenylamino]phenyl]ethylidene]-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

RN 184874-83-7 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4,4'-[1-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)-1-pyrenylamino]phenyl]ethylidene]bis-, polymer with $\alpha - (\text{chlorocarbonyl}) - \omega - [(\text{chlorocarbonyl}) \circ xy] poly(\circ xy-1,4-butanediyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)$

CM 1

CRN 174829-95-9 CMF C43 H33 N O2

CM 2

CRN 31345-17-2

CMF (C4 H8 O)n C2 C12 O3

CCI PMS

IC ICM C08G064-04

ICS C08G064-24; G03G005-05; H05B033-22

CC 35-5 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

Section cross-reference(s): 73, 74

IT 184363-20-0P 184363-43-7P 184363-45-9P 184363-47-1P 184363-49-3P 184363-51-7P 184363-53-9P 184363-57-3P

184874-70-2P 184874-71-3P 184874-72-4P 184874-73-5P 184874-74-6P 184874-75-7P 184874-76-8P 184874-77-9P

184874-78-0P 184874-79-1P 184874-80-4P

184374-81-5P 134874-82-6P 184874-83-7P

207454-73-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(aromatic polycarbonates and their preparation method for electrophotog. and electroluminescent materials)

L64 ANSWER 31 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:641144 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:288355

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 125:53695a,53698a

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent device
INVENTOR(S): Hosokawa, Chishio; Kawamura, Hisayuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Idemitsu Kosan Co, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 25 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 JP 08199162	А	19960806	JP 1995-10918	1995 0126
JP 3506281 JP 2004006379	B2 A	20040315 20040108	< JP 2003-176314	

2003 0620 JP 2006128715 Α 20060518 JP 2006-9511 2006 0118 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1995-10918 Α3 1995 0126 JP 2003-176314 А3 2003 0620 <--OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 125:288355 Entered STN: 31 Oct 1996 An organic electroluminescent device, having prolonged stability, suited for use as displays, wherein the recombination region and/or electroluminescent region, sandwiched between a pair of electrodes, contains 0.1-8 % of fluorescent dopant(s) selected from the compound represented by Ar1N(Ar2)Ar3 [Ar1-3 = C1-10 alkyl, C6-30 aryl, and heterocyclic; one of Ar1-3 is C≥12 condensed polycyclic hydrocarbon] and Ar4(Ar6)NAr8N(Ar7)Ar5 [Ar4-7 = C1-10 alkyl, C6-30 aryl, and heterocyclic; Ar8 = C6-30 arylene, or divalent heterocyclic; one of Ar4-8 is C≥12 condensed polycyclic hydrocarbon].

76656-53-6

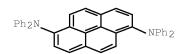
ΤТ

RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(organic electroluminescent device)

76656-53-6 HCAPLUS RN

1,6-Pyrenediamine, N1,N1,N6,N6-tetraphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME) CN



ICM C09K011-06 IC ICS H05B033-14 CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties) 70782-27-3 76656-53-6 123847-85-8 124729-98-2 ΤТ 139255-24-6 139255-20-2 142289-08-5 182426-74-0 RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (organic electroluminescent device)

L64 ANSWER 32 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:606283 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:342202

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 125:63709a,63712a

TITLE: Durability characteristics of aminopyrene dimer molecules as an emitter in organic multilayered electroluminescent diodes AUTHOR(S): Adachi, Chihaya; Nagai, Kazukiyo; Tamoto,

Nazomu

Chemical Products R&D Center, Ricoh Co. Ltd., CORPORATE SOURCE:

Shizuoka, 410, Japan

SOURCE: Japanese Journal of Applied Physics, Part 1:

Regular Papers, Short Notes & Review Papers (

1996), 35(9A), 4819-4825

CODEN: JAPNDE; ISSN: 0021-4922 Japanese Journal of Applied Physics

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 11 Oct 1996

PUBLISHER:

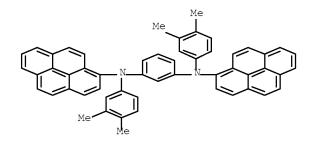
The authors report the structure design of emitter mols. using aminopyene dimers for obtaining durable organic electroluminescent (EL) diodes. Using 18 kinds of emitter mols. having a variety of substituents and linking groups, the authors studied the durability of the cell structure of the anode/hole transport layer/emitter layer/electron transport layer 2/electron transport layer 1/cathode. The chemical structures of the emitter mols. strongly influenced the durability of the EL devices under continuous d.c. operation. The authors observed no direct relations between m.p. (Tm), glass transition temperature (Tg), ionization potential (Ip), electron affinity (Ea) of emitter layers and EL device durabilities. The effect of the substituent groups of emitter mols. on EL device durability suggests that the chemical stability of the emitter mols. largely influences EL device durability.

IT 157357-78-3 157357-83-0

RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (durability characteristics of aminopyrene dimer mols. as emitter in organic multilayered electroluminescent diodes)

RN 157357-78-3 HCAPLUS

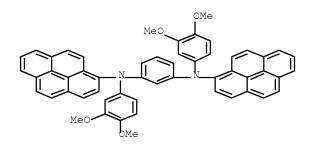
CN 1,3-Benzenediamine, N,N'-bis(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-N,N'-di-1-pyrenyl(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 157357-83-0 HCAPLUS

derivs.

CN 1,3-Benzenediamine, N,N'-bis(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-N,N'-di-1pyrenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

IT 157357-76-1 157357-77-2 157357-78-3 157357-79-4 157357-80-7 157357-81-8 157357-82-9 157357-83-0 157357-85-2 157357-86-3 157357-87-4 183889-30-7D, derivs. 183889-31-8D, derivs. 183889-32-9 183889-33-0D, derivs. 183889-34-1D, derivs. 183889-35-2D, derivs. 183889-36-3D,

RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)

(durability characteristics of aminopyrene dimer mols. as emitter in organic multilayered electroluminescent diodes)

L64 ANSWER 33 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:273378 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:302069

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 124:55735a,55738a

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent device

INVENTOR(S): Shirota, Yasuhiko; Nakatani, Kenji; Inoe,

Tetsuji; Nanba, Noryoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): TDK Electronics Co., Ltd., Japan; TDK Corp.

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 08048974	A	19960220	JP 1994-207970	1004
				1994 0809
JP 3471910	В2	20031202	<	
PRIORITY APPLN.	INFO.:		JP 1994-207970	
				1994 0809

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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 124:302069

ED Entered STN: 10 May 1996

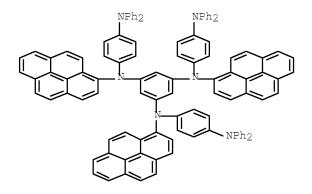
GΙ

The organic electroluminescent device comprises a layer containing electron injection/transport compound and trisarylaminobenzene represented by I $[\Phi 11, \Phi 21, \text{ and } \Phi 31 = \text{divalent aromatic residue}; R11, R21, and R31 = N<math>\Phi 01\Phi 02, \text{ NH}\Phi 01, \text{ NR}01\Phi 01, \Phi 01, \Phi 01 \text{ or S}\Phi 01; \Phi 01, \Phi 02 = \text{monovalent aromatic residue}; R01 = \text{alkyl}; \text{ one of R01, R02, and R03} = N\Phi 01\Phi 02, \text{ NH}\Phi 01, \text{ or NR}01\Phi 01; A12, A22, \text{ and A32} = \text{monovalent aromatic residue, alkyl, or H}.$ IT 162879-30-3

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (organic electroluminescent device having layer containing trisarylaminobenzene derivative)

RN 162879-30-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3,5-Benzenetriamine, N,N',N''-tris[4-(diphenylamino)phenyl]N,N',N''-tri-1-pyrenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM C09K011-06 ICS H05B033-14

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 76

162879-32-5 176178-81-7

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(organic electroluminescent device having layer containing trisarylaminobenzene derivative)

L64 ANSWER 34 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:958741 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:40979
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 124:7553a,7556a

TITLE: Field-effect electroluminescent device INVENTOR(S): Tamoto, Nozomi; Tanaka, Chiaki; Nagai,

Kazukyo; Adachi, Chihaya; Sakon, Hirota PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Kk, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 20 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07249490	A	19950926	JP 1994-64508	
				1994
				0308
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1994-64508	
				1994
				0308
			<	

SOURCE(S): MARPAT 124:40979

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT ED Entered STN: 02 Dec 1995

GΙ

AB The title device has ≥1 layer containing a pyrenyl-containing olefin compound I [R1 = H, lower alkyl, alkoxy; R2 = H, cyano, alkoxycarbonyl, (substituted) alkyl, (substituted) phenyl; R3-4, Ar1 = (substituted) alkyl, (substituted) carbocyclic aromatic group; Ar2-3 = (substituted) carbocyclic aromatic group; m = 1-3; n = 0, 1]. The layer containing I may be a hole-transporting layer or a light-emitting layer. The device showed low working voltage and high luminance.

IT 171812-48-9 171812-49-0

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (field-effect electroluminescent devices employing pyrenyl-containing olefin compds.)

RN 171812-48-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrenamine, N-[4-[2-[4-[bis(4-methylphenyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]phenyl]-7-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 171812-49-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrenamine, N-[4-[2-[3-[bis(3-methoxyphenyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]phenyl]-7-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM H05B033-14

ICS C07C229-44; C09K011-06

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 25

IT 168638-17-3 168638-19-5 168638-22-0 171812-48-9 171812-49-0

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(field-effect electroluminescent devices employing pyrenyl-containing olefin compds.)

L64 ANSWER 35 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:867611 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:285572

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 123:51170h,51171a

TITLE: Preparation of pyrene derivatives as

electroluminescent materials

INVENTOR(S): Tamoto, Nozomi; Nagai, Kazukyo; Adachi,

Chihaya; Sakon, Hirota

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Kk, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 JP 07101911	А	19950418	JP 1993-271360	1993 1004
JP 3549555 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	В2	20040804	< JP 1993-271360	1993 1004

<--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 123:285572

ED Entered STN: 20 Oct 1995

GΙ

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* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *
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- AB The title compds. I [R1 R3 = halo, cyano, etc.; l = 0 9; m = 0 4; n = 0 5] are prepared An electroluminescent element containing the title compound II (preparation given) gave emission with high luminance for 1 mo.
- IT 169195-00-0P 169195-01-1P 169195-02-2P
 - RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of pyrene derivs. as electroluminescent materials)

- RN 169195-00-0 HCAPLUS
- CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine, N-[4'-[bis(4-

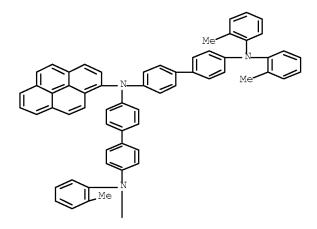
methylphenyl)amino][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]-N',N'-bis(4-methylphenyl)-

N-1-pyrenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 1-A

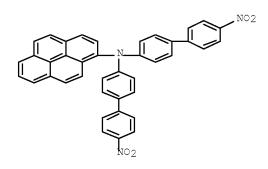


PAGE 2-A

RN 169195-02-2 HCAPLUS
CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine, N-[4'-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)amino][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]-N',N'-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-1-pyrenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 169195-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrenamine, N,N-bis(4'-nitro[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM C07C211-61

ICS C07C209-10; C07C209-36; C07C217-92; C07C255-58; C09K011-06

ICA C07B061-00

CC 25-28 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds)

Section cross-reference(s): 73, 74

IT 169195-00-0P 169195-01-1P 169195-02-2P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of pyrene derivs. as electroluminescent materials)

IT 169195-03-3P 169195-04-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of pyrene derivs. as electroluminescent materials)

L64 ANSWER 36 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:489867 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:277531

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 122:50397a,50400a

TITLE: Trisarylaminobenzene derivatives, compounds

for organic electroluminescent element, and $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($

organic electroluminescent element.

INVENTOR(S): Shirota, Yasuhiko; Nakaya, Kenji; Okada,

Norihiro; Namba, Kenryo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 22 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APF	PLICATION NO.		DATE
						-	
	EP 611148	A1	19940817	EP	1994-300954		
							1994 0209
					<		
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	JP 07097355	A	19950411	JP	1994-36605		
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					<		0203
	JP 3419534	В2	20030623				
	US 5508136	А	19960416	US	1994-194145		
							1994
					<		0210
PRIO	RITY APPLN. INFO.:			.TP	1993-45785	А	
11(10)				01	1999 19709		1993
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				JP	1993-140041	Α	
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					,		0519
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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 122:277531

ED Entered STN: 15 Apr 1995

GΙ

ΙT

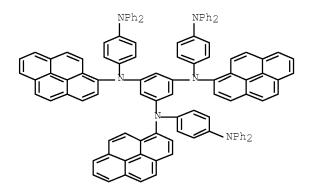
AB Novel trisarylaminobenzene derivs. are represented by the formula I [Z1, Z2, and Z3 = divalent aromatic ring residues, R11, R21, and R31 = groups represented by -NZ1Z2, -NHZ1, -NR1Z1, -Z1, -OZ1 or -SZ1 wherein each of Z1 and Z2 = a monovalent aromatic ring residue, and R1 is an alkyl group, ≥ 1 of R11, R21, and R31 being a group represented by -NZ1Z2, -NHZ1 or -NR1Z1, and A12, A22, and A32 = aromatic residues, alkyl groups or H]. An organic electroluminescent element which uses the compound in an organic compound layer, especially in a hole injection transport layer provides uniform plane light emission and is durable enough to maintain luminance.

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (electroluminescent element component)

RN 162879-30-3 HCAPLUS

162879-30-3

CN 1,3,5-Benzenetriamine, N,N',N''-tris[4-(diphenylamino)phenyl]-N,N',N''-tri-1-pyrenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM C07C211-54

ICS H05B033-14; H01B001-12

CC 73-5 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other

Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 25

 IT
 153521-91-6
 162879-22-3
 162879-23-4
 162879-24-5

 162879-25-6
 162879-26-7
 162879-27-8
 162879-28-9

 162879-29-0
 162879-30-3
 162879-31-4
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 162879-33-6
 162879-34-7
 162879-35-8
 162879-36-9

162879-37-0 162879-38-1

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (electroluminescent element component)

L64 ANSWER 37 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:90368 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:90368

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 120:15917a,15920a

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent device

INVENTOR(S):
Onuma, Teruyuki; Shimada, Tomoyuki; Ota,

Masabumi; Sakon, Hirota; Takahashi, Toshihiko;

Yamaguchi, Takehito

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

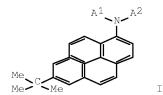
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

]	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	JP 05021161	A	19930129	JP 1991-190953	
					1991
					0705
				<	
PRIOR	ITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1991-190953	
					1991
					0705
				<	

ED Entered STN: 19 Feb 1994

GΙ



AB The device comprises ≥1 layer containing a pyrene derivative I [A1,2 = (substituted) alkyl, (substituted) aryl] as an electron- or hole-transporting layer. The device is suited for use in a long-life low-threshold large-area display device.

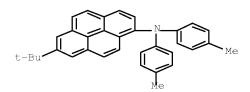
IT 143877-69-4 143877-76-3

RL: USES (Uses)

(charge carrier transporter, in electroluminescent devices)

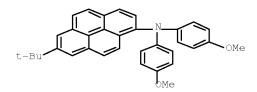
RN 143877-69-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrenamine, 7-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N,N-bis(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 143877-76-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrenamine, 7-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N,N-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM H05B033-14

ICS C09K011-00; C09K011-06; G09F009-30

CC 73-10 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and

Other Related Properties)

IT 143877-69-4 143877-76-3

RL: USES (Uses)

(charge carrier transporter, in electroluminescent devices)

L64 ANSWER 38 OF 38 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:549178 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:149178

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 119:26495a,26498a

TITLE: Electroluminescent elements

INVENTOR(S): Onuma, Teruyuki; Shimada, Tomoyuki; Ota,

Masabumi; Kawamura, Fumio; Sakon, Hirota;

Takahashi, Toshihiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
JP 04175395	A	19920623	JP 1990-305405		1990
					1110
			<		
US 5153073	A	19921006	US 1991-723375		
					1991
					0628
			<		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1990-179355	A1	
					1990
					0706
			<		
			JP 1990-305405	Α	
					1990
					1110
			/		

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 119:149178

Entered STN: 02 Oct 1993 ED

AΒ The element, suited for use in large-area displays, comprises a cathode and an anode sandwiching ≥ 1 organic phosphor layer containing A3(NA1A2)n [A1,2 = (substituted) alkyl, (substituted) aryl; A3 = (substituted) vinyl; n = 1,2]. The element has a longlife stability with a low threshold voltage.

146762-79-0 ΤТ

RL: PRP (Properties)

(electroluminescent phosphors from, blue emitting)

RN 146762-79-0 HCAPLUS

1,3-Pyrenediamine, N1,N3,N3-tris(3-methylphenyl)-N1-(4methylphenyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

142827-48-3 ΙT

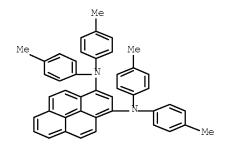
RL: PRP (Properties)

(electroluminescent phosphors from, green emitting)

RN 142827-48-3 HCAPLUS

1,8-Pyrenediamine, N,N,N',N'-tetrakis(4-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA

IT 142641-61-0
 RL: PRP (Properties)
 (electroluminescent phosphors from, greenish blue emitting)
RN 142641-61-0 HCAPLUS
CN 1,3-Pyrenediamine, N,N,N',N'-tetrakis(4-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



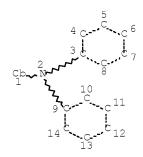
IC ICM C09K011-00 ICS C09K011-06; H05B033-14 73-5 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties) Section cross-reference(s): 74 131625-67-7 139905-81-0 146762-79-0 ΙT RL: PRP (Properties) (electroluminescent phosphors from, blue emitting) 139905-74-1 142827-48-3 RL: PRP (Properties) (electroluminescent phosphors from, green emitting) 142641-61-0 ΙT RL: PRP (Properties) (electroluminescent phosphors from, greenish blue emitting)

STRUCTURE SEARCH

=> d his 167

(FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:32:18 ON 22 JUL 2008) L67 43 S L66 NOT L64 SAV TEMP L64 GAR801HCPD/A SAV TEMP L67 GAR801HCPE/A

=> d que stat 167 18405)SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 3593.5/RID L3 (



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

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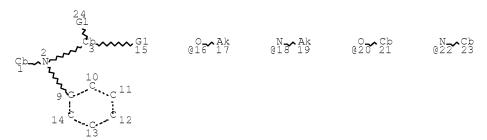
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RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 14

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L5 782 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L3 SSS FUL L4 L21 STR



VAR G1=AK/CB/16/18/20/22/CN/X

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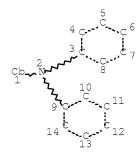
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NUMBER OF NODES IS 19

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE 57 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L5 SSS FUL L21 L23 L25 (18405) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 3593.5/RID L26



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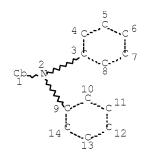
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NUMBER OF NODES IS 14

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM GGCAT IS PCY UNS AT DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED ECOUNT IS E16 C AT 1

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RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 14

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

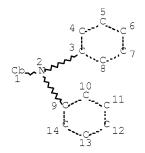
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GGCAT IS PCY UNS AT 1
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
ECOUNT IS E16 C AT 1

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 27

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE



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GGCAT IS PCY UNS AT 1
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
ECOUNT IS E16 C AT 1

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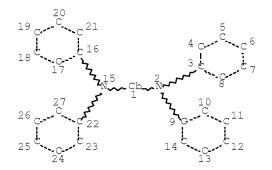
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L47 QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON PY<2004 OR PRY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR MY<2004 OR REVIEW/DT

L48 STF



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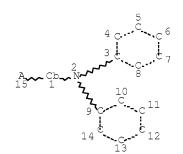
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GGCAT IS PCY UNS AT 1
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
ECOUNT IS E16 C AT 1

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 27

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L49 (199)SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L45 SSS FUL L48 L50 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

NSPEC IS RC AT 15
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
GGCAT IS PCY UNS AT 1
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
ECOUNT IS E16 C AT 1

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 15

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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L53 (31)SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L52

L54 (30)SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L53 AND L47

L55 4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L54 AND L46

L56 118 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L5/P

L57 80 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L56 AND L31

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L63	8	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L62 AND L58
L64	38	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L60 OR L63
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L67	43	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L66 NOT L64

STRUCTURE SEARCH RESULTS (FHITSTR)

=> d 167 1-43 ibib ed fhitstr

L67 ANSWER 1 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:522848 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:50517

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent device

Hirose, Eiichi; Seki, Mieko; Okuda, Daisuke; INVENTOR(S): Ozaki, Tadayoshi; Agata, Takeshi; Ishii, Toru;

Mashimo, Kiyokazu; Moriyama, Hiroaki; Sato,

Katsuhiro; Nishino, Yohei

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Xerox Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 142 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 JР 2005158561	A	20050616	JP 2003-396947	
				2003 1127
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-396947	
				2003 1127

Entered STN: 17 Jun 2005

ED 853362-89-7 ΙT

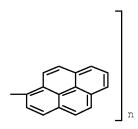
> RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (organic electroluminescent device)

RN853362-89-7 HCAPLUS

Poly[oxycarbonylimino-1,6-hexanediyliminocarbonyloxy-1,4-CN butanediyl-1, 4-phenylene(1-pyrenylimino)[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'diyl(1-pyrenylimino)-1,4-phenylene-1,4-butanediyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B



L67 ANSWER 2 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:530563 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:96310

TITLE: Organic semiconductor laser with polycarbonate

resin

INVENTOR(S): Okada, Takashi; Sasaki, Masaomi; Torii,

Masafumi; Kawamura, Shinichi; Kosaka, Toshiya

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 49 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
A	20040702	JP 2002-354321		
			2002	
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		JP 2002-354321		
			2002	
			1205	
		<	1205	
			A 20040702 JP 2002-354321 <	

ED Entered STN: 02 Jul 2004

IT 201361-79-7

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(organic semiconductor laser with polycarbonate resin)

RN 201361-79-7 HCAPLUS

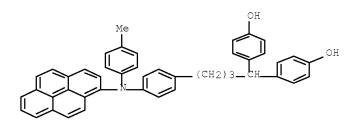
CN Carbonic acid, polymer with 1,6-hexanediol and

4,4'-[4-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)-1-pyrenylamino]phenyl]butylidene]bis[

phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 189503-60-4 CMF C45 H37 N O2



CM 2

CRN 629-11-8 CMF C6 H14 O2

HO_ (CH2)6_OH

CM 3

CRN 463-79-6 CMF C H2 O3

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L67 ANSWER 3 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:291722 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:329315

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent device

INVENTOR(S): Hirose, Eiichi; Okuda, Daisuke; Seki, Mieko;

Ozaki, Tadayoshi; Yoneyama, Hiroto; Ishii, Toru; Agata, Takeshi; Mashimo, Kiyokazu; Sato,

Katsuhiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Xerox Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 140 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004111206	A	20040408	JP 2002-271831	
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US 20040081854	A1	20040429	US 2003-389947	
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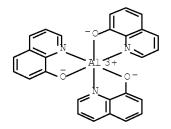
ED Entered STN: 09 Apr 2004

IT 2085-33-8, Alq3

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (organic electroluminescent device)

RN 2085-33-8 HCAPLUS

CN Aluminum, tris(8-quinolinolato- κ N1, κ O8)- (CA INDEX NAME)



L67 ANSWER 4 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:203906 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:261172

TITLE: Organic light-emitting devices

INVENTOR(S): Saito, Akihito; Hiraoka, Mizuho; Suzuki,

Koichi; Senoo, Akihiro; Tanabe, Hiroshi;

Yamada, Naoki; Negishi, Chika

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Canon Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 84 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA:	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.						
WO	2004	- 0205	48		A1	A1 2004031									2003 0826	
	W: RW:	CH, GB, KR, MW, SD, US, GH, AZ, DE, PT,	CN, GD, KZ, MX, SE, UZ, GM, BY, DK,	CO, GE, LC, MZ, SG, VC, KE, KG, EE,	CR, GH, LK, NI, SK, VN, LS, KZ, ES,	CU, GM, LR, NO, SL, YU, MW, MD, FI, SK,	CZ, HR, LS, NZ, SY, ZA, MZ, RU, FR, TR,	DE, HU, LT, OM, TJ, ZM, SD, TJ, GB, BF,	DK, ID, LU, PG, TM, ZW SL, TM, GR, BJ,	BB DM IL LV PH TN SZ AT HU	< , BG, , DZ, , IN, , MA, , PL, , TR, , TZ, , BE, , IE, , CG,	EC, IS, MD, PT, TT, UG, BG, IT,	EE, KE, MG, RO, TZ, ZM, CH, LU,	ES, KG, MK, RU, UA, ZW, CY, MC,	FI, KP, MN, SC, UG, AM, CZ, NL,	
JP	2004		•	,	MR, A		SN, 2004			JP	2002-	2483	54			
AII	2003	2560	84		Д 1		2004	0319			< 2003-	2560	84		2002 0828	
710	2003	2500	01		111		2001	0313			<	2500	01		2003 0826	
US	2006	0068	221		A1		2006	0330			2005–	5251	98		2005 0222	
PRIORITY	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:						JP	< 2002- <	2483	54		A 2002 0828	

WO 2003-JP10782

2003 0826

<--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:261172

ED Entered STN: 14 Mar 2004

IT 189263--91-0

RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use);

USES (Uses)

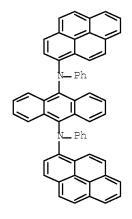
(organic light-emitting devices using hosts doped with Ph

group-containing diamine derivs.)

RN 189263-91-0 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenediamine, N9,N10-diphenyl-N9,N10-di-1-pyrenyl- (CA

INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

 ${\tt L67}$ ANSWER 5 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:203783 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:261171

TITLE: Condensed polycyclic compounds and organic

light-emitting device using the same

INVENTOR(S): Suzuki, Koichi; Kawai, Tatsundo; Senoo,

Akihiro; Yamada, Naoki; Saito, Akihito;

Okajima, Maki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Canon Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 77 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATE	PATENT NO. KIND				D -	DATE			APPL	DATE					
 WO 2	2004	- 0203	71		A1		2004	0311		WO 2003-JP10783					2003 0826
						<									
	W:	•	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	BB, DM,	,	,	•	,	•

GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN,

 $\mbox{MW},\mbox{MX},\mbox{MZ},\mbox{NI},\mbox{NO},\mbox{NZ},\mbox{OM},\mbox{PG},\mbox{PH},\mbox{PL},\mbox{PT},\mbox{RO},\mbox{RU},\mbox{SC},$ SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG JP 2003-291191 JP 2004107326 А 20040408 2003 0811 AU 2003256085 A1 20040319 AU 2003-256085 2003 0826 <--US 20050236974 20051027 US 2005-522947 A1 2005 0202 <--US 7338721 В2 20080304 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-246600 2002 0827 JP 2003-291191 2003 0811 <--WO 2003-JP10783 2003 0826

MARPAT 140:261171 OTHER SOURCE(S):

Entered STN: 14 Mar 2004 ED

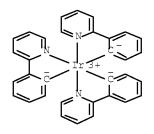
94928-36-6 TТ

> RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(preparation of condensed polycyclic compds. and their use to the manufacture of organic light-emitting devices)

RN94928-86-6 HCAPLUS

Iridium, tris[2-(2-pyridinyl- κ N)phenyl- κ C]-, CN (OC-6-22)- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L67 ANSWER 6 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:777744 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:299013

TITLE: Oligofluorenylene compounds

Saitoh, Akihito; Hiraoka, Mizuho; Suzuki, Koichi; Senoo, Akihiro; Tanabe, Hiroshi; Yamada, Naoki; Negishi, Chika; Kasahara, Maki Canon Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 62 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT :	NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003	_ 080559	A1	20031002	WO 2003-JP3615	2003 0325
W: RW:	CH, CN, CO, GB, GD, GE, KR, KZ, LC, MW, MX, MZ, SE, SG, SK, VC, VN, YU, GH, GM, KE,	CR, CU GH, GM LK, LR NI, NO SL, TJ ZA, ZM LS, MW	, CZ, DE, , HR, HU, , LS, LT, , NZ, OM, , TM, TN, , ZW	SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, TM, AT, BE, BG, BR, CBY, BZ, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, ID, IL, IN, IS, KE, KG, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, CL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY,	CA, FI, KP, MN, SD, UZ,
JP 2004	PT, RO, SE, GQ, GW, ML,	SI, SK MR, NE	, TR, BF,		
				<	2003 0115
JP 3848 AU 2003		B2 A1	20061122 20031008		2003 0325
EP 1487	779	A1	20041222	< EP 2003-712917	2003 0325
R:				GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG,	
CN 1568	303	A	20050119	CN 2003-801298	2003 0325
US 2005	0106414	A1	20050519	US 2004-506300	2004 0901
US 7229 DRITY APP	702 LN. INFO.:	В2	20070612	< JP 2002-88918	A 2002 0327
				< JP 2003-6796	A 2003 0115
				< WO 2003-JP3615	N 2003 0325
				Page 109	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPA'
ED Entered STN: 03 Oct 2003 MARPAT 139:299013

ΙT 12798-95-7

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(electrode; oligofluorenylene compds. for organic light-emitting

RN 12798-95-7 HCAPLUS

CN Aluminum alloy, nonbase, Al, Li (CA INDEX NAME)

Component Component

Registry Number

======+=========== 7429-90-5 A 1

Li 7439-93-2

REFERENCE COUNT:

6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L67 ANSWER 7 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:628443 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:171119

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent device comprising

coupled anthracene fluorene derivative and

with amino-substituted hydrocarbon

INVENTOR(S): Totani, Yoshiyuki; Ishida, Tsutomu; Shimamura,

Takehiko; Tanabe, Yoshimitsu; Nakatsuka,

Masakatsu

Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 122 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003229273	A	20030815	JP 2002-25736	
				2002
				0201
			<	
JP 4080213	В2	20080423		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.	:		JP 2002-25736	
				2002
				0201

<--MARPAT 139:171119 OTHER SOURCE(S):

Entered STN: 15 Aug 2003 ED

ΙT 189263-91-0

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

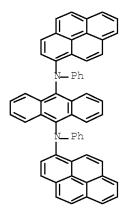
(organic electroluminescent device comprising coupled anthracene

fluorene derivative and with amino-substituted hydrocarbon)

RN189263-91-0 HCAPLUS

9,10-Anthracenediamine, N9,N10-diphenyl-N9,N10-di-1-pyrenyl- (CA CN

INDEX NAME)



L67 ANSWER 8 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:568966 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:124838

TITLE: Electroluminescent component and frequency

conversion method using polycarbonate

INVENTOR(S):
Kosaka, Toshiya; Sasaki, Masaomi; Torii,

Masafumi; Kawamura, Shinichi; Okada, Takashi;

Ariga, Tamotsu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATI	ON NO.		DATE
						-	
	JP 2003208985	A	20030725	JP 2002-5	391		
							2002
							0111
				_			OIII
				<			
PRIO	RITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-3	344987	Α	
							2001
							1109
				_			1100
				<			

ED Entered STN: 25 Jul 2003

IT 201361-79-7

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(electroluminescent component and frequency conversion method using polycarbonate)

RN 201361-79-7 HCAPLUS

CN Carbonic acid, polymer with 1,6-hexanediol and

 $4, 4'-[4-[4-[4-[4-methylphenyl]-1-pyrenylamino]phenyl] \\ butylidene] \\ bis[$

phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 189503-60-4 CMF C45 H37 N O2

CM 2

CRN 629-11-8 CMF C6 H14 O2

HO_ (CH2)6_OH

CM 3

CRN 463-79-6 CMF C H2 O3

L67 ANSWER 9 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:550672 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:124811

TITLE: Electroluminescent device and frequency

conversion method using polycarbonate compound INVENTOR(S): Sasaki, Masaomi; Torii, Masafumi; Kawamura,

Shinichi; Okada, Takashi; Kosaka, Toshiya;

Ariga, Tamotsu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan

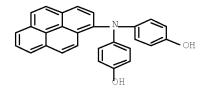
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 JP 2003203777	A	20030718	JP 2001-402043	2001 1228
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			< JP 2001-402043	2001
			<	



CM 2

CRN 463-79-6 CMF C H2 O3

но_С_ он

CM 3

CRN 111-46-6 CMF C4 H10 O3

HO_CH2_CH2_O_CH2_CH2_OH

L67 ANSWER 10 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:17570 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:98157

TITLE: Electrophotographic printer using source for

light with specified wavelength for

photoconductor

INVENTOR(S):
Niimi, Tatsuya

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 65 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 JP 2003005402	A	20030108	JP 2002-70984	2002
JP 3883456	В2	20070221	<	0314
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	DZ	20070221	JP 2001-73834	A 2001 0315

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:98157

ED Entered STN: 09 Jan 2003

IT 131625-67-7

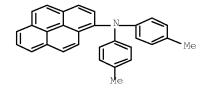
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(electrophotog. printer having semiconductive light source and $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right) +\left($

photoconductor having protective layer containing)

RN 131625-67-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrenamine, N, N-bis(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



L67 ANSWER 11 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:848332 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:343669

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent devices

INVENTOR(S):
Kato, Hiroshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002324664	A	20021108	JP 2001-131017	
				2001
				0427
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-131017	
				2001
				0427

<--

ED Entered STN: 08 Nov 2002

IT 50926-11-9, ITO

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (organic electroluminescent devices)

RN 50926-11-9 HCAPLUS

CN Indium tin oxide (CA INDEX NAME)

Component | Ratio | Component

			1	Registry Number
========	====+====	========	====+==	=========
0	1	X		17778-80-2
In		X		7440-74-6
Sn		X		7440-31-5

L67 ANSWER 12 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:611919 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:161189

TITLE: Organic electroluminescence devices INVENTOR(S): Suzuki, Mutsumi; Fukuyama, Masao

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.,

Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

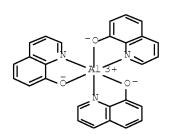
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				_
JP 2002231457	A	20020816	JP 2001-26415	
				2001
				0202
			<	
JP 3690286	В2	20050831	·	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	DZ	20030031	JP 2001-26415	
THE STATE OF			01 2001 20110	2001
				0202
				0202

ED Entered STN: 16 Aug 2002

RN 2085-33-8 HCAPLUS

CN Aluminum, tris(8-quinolinolato- κ N1, κ O8)- (CA INDEX NAME)



L67 ANSWER 13 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:479989 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:70352

TITLE: Polyamino fluorene derivative for

electroluminescent material

INVENTOR(S):
Miki, Tetsuzo; Kimura, Toshihide; Nakanishi,

Naoko; Komatsu, Shihoko; Kusano, Shigeru

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hodogaya Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 JP 2002179630	A	20020626	JP 2001-301076	2001
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			< JP 2000-296908 A	0928
				2000 0928

<--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:70352

ED Entered STN: 26 Jun 2002

IT 439133-37-6

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(polyamino-fluorene derivative for electroluminescent material)

RN 439133-37-6 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine, N,N''-(9H-fluoren-9-ylidenedi-4,1-phenylene)bis[N'-phenyl-N,N'-di-1-pyrenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

L67 ANSWER 14 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:299600 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:93475

TITLE: Light-emitting carbazole derivatives for

electroluminescent materials

AUTHOR(S): Lin, Jiann T'suen; Thomas, K. R. Justin; Tao,

Yu-Tai; Ko, Chung-Wen

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Chemistry, Academia Sinica,

Taipei, 115, Taiwan

SOURCE: Proceedings of SPIE-The International Society

for Optical Engineering (2002),

4464 (Organic Light-Emitting Materials and

Devices V), 307-316

CODEN: PSISDG; ISSN: 0277-786X

PUBLISHER: SPIE-The International Society for Optical

Engineering

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2002

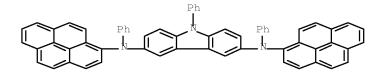
IT 340162-05-2

RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (light-emitting carbazole derivs. for electroluminescent materials)

materials)

RN 340162-05-2 HCAPLUS

CN 9H-Carbazole-3,6-diamine, N3,N6,9-triphenyl-N3,N6-di-1-pyrenyl-(CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 35 THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L67 ANSWER 15 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:889365 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:125727

TITLE: Light-Emitting Diodes Based on a

Carbazole-Derivatized Dopant: Origin of Dopant

Excitation as a Function of the Device

Structure

AUTHOR(S): Ko, Chung-Wen; Tao, Yu-Tai; Lin, Jiann T.;

Thomas, K. R. Justin

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Chemistry, Academia Sinica,

Taipei, 115, Peop. Rep. China Chemistry of Materials (2002).

SOURCE: Chemistry of Materials (2002),

14(1), 357-361

CODEN: CMATEX; ISSN: 0897-4756

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 10 Dec 2001

IT 373390-02-4

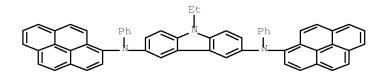
RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties);

PYP (Physical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(dopant; origin of dopant excitation as function structure of light-emitting diodes based on carbazole-derivatized dopant)

RN 373390-02-4 HCAPLUS

CN 9H-Carbazole-3,6-diamine, 9-ethyl-N3,N6-diphenyl-N3,N6-di-1-pyrenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L67 ANSWER 16 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:377669 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:65435

TITLE: Blue-emitting organic EL devices with a hole

blocking layer

AUTHOR(S): Sato, Y.; Ichinosawa, S.; Ogata, T.; Fugono,

M.; Murata, Y.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Mitsubishi Chemical 1000, Yokohama Research

Center, Yokohama, Japan

SOURCE: Synthetic Metals (2000), 111-112,

25-29

CODEN: SYMEDZ; ISSN: 0379-6779

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science S.A.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 07 Jun 2000

IT 517-51-1, Rubrene

RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

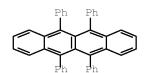
SES (Uses)

(blue-emitting organic electroluminescent devices with hole

blocking layer doped with)

RN 517-51-1 HCAPLUS

CN Naphthacene, 5,6,11,12-tetraphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L67 ANSWER 17 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:670067 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:294207

TITLE: Hole-transporting material and use thereof INVENTOR(S): Tamano, Michiko; Okutsu, Satoshi; Enokida,

Toshio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyo Ink Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: U.S., 22 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No.

762,921, abandoned.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	AP	PLICATION NO.		DATE
us 5968675	А	19991019	US	1998-85251		1000
						1998 0528
JP 09222741	A	19970826	JP	< 1996-306049		
						1996 1118
				<		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP	1995-321345	Α	
						1995
						1211
			TD	< 1996-306049	А	
			JP	1990-300049	А	1996
						1118
				<		
			US	1996-762921	В2	
						1996
						1210
				<		

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 131:294207

ED Entered STN: 21 Oct 1999

IT 2085-33-8, Tris(8-hydroxyquinoline)aluminum

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

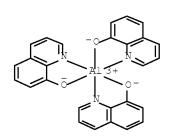
(hole-transporting materials based on triarylamine derivs. and their use in electroluminescent devices and electrophotog.

photoreceptors)

RN 2085-33-8 HCAPLUS

CN Aluminum, tris(8-quinolinolato- κ N1, κ O8)- (CA INDEX

NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L67 ANSWER 18 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:163164 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:244249

TITLE: Organic thin film electroluminescent device

containing aromatic polymcarbonate resin

INVENTOR(S): Nagai, Kazukiyo; Adachi, Chihaya

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 47 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 JP 11067452	А	19990309	JP 1997-228919	1997
			<	0811
JP 3578253 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	В2	20041020	JP 1997-228919	
				1997 0811

ED Entered STN: 12 Mar 1999

IT 221237-39-4

RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(organic thin-film electroluminescent device containing aromatic
polycarbonate)

RN 221237-39-4 HCAPLUS

CN Methanol, trichloro-, carbonate (2:1), polymer with 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[phenol] and 4,4'-[[4-(phenyl-1-pyrenylamino)phenyl]ethenylidene]bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 198769-63-0 CMF C42 H29 N O2

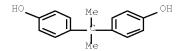
CM 2

CRN 32315-10-9 CMF C3 C16 O3

CM 3

CRN 80-05-7

CMF C15 H16 O2



L67 ANSWER 19 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:111658 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:202697

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent device used as

planar light source in optical displays

INVENTOR(S): Okutsu, Akira; Tamano, Michiko; Onikubo,

Shunichi; Enokida, Toshio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyo Ink Mfg. Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 27 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

I	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-					
-					
	JP 11040359	A	19990212	JP 1997-195294	
					1997
					0722
				<	
	JP 3890686	В2	20070307		
PRIOR:	ITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1997-195294	
					1997
					0722

<--

MARPAT 130:202697 OTHER SOURCE(S):

Entered STN: 18 Feb 1999

ΤТ 2085-33-3, Al 8q

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

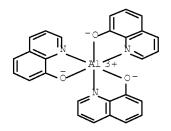
(organic electroluminescent device used as planar light source in

optical displays)

RN 2085-33-8 HCAPLUS

Aluminum, tris(8-quinolinolato- κ N1, κ O8)- (CA INDEX CN

NAME)



ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:78780 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:175066

TITLE: Organic thin film electroluminescent device

containing polycarbonate resin

INVENTOR(S): Nagai, Kazukiyo; Katayama, Akira; Adachi,

Chihaya

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 JР 11031584	 A	19990202	JP 1997-193188	
01 11031304	71	19990202	01 1997 193100	1997 0703
			<	0105
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1997-193188	1997 0703
			<	

ED Entered STN: 05 Feb 1999

IT 189503-59-1

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

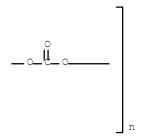
(organic thin film electroluminescent device containing aromatic polycarbonate-based light-emitting layer)

RN 189503-59-1 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[oxycarbonyloxy-1,6-hexanediyloxycarbonyloxy-1,4-phenylene[4-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)-1-pyrenylamino]phenyl]butylidene]-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L67 ANSWER 21 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:72212 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:175062

TITLE: Organic thin-film electroluminescent (EL)

device containing heat-resistant aromatic

polycarbonate

INVENTOR(S): Nagai, Kazukiyo; Tamura, Hiroshi; Adachi,

Chihaya

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 11026160	A	19990129	JP 1997-193183	
				1997
				0703
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1997-193183	
				1997
				0703
			<	

ED Entered STN: 03 Feb 1999

IT 184363-47-1

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

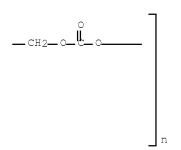
(durable organic thin-film electroluminescent device containing triarylamine-type aromatic polycarbonate)

RN 184363-47-1 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[oxycarbonyloxy-1,2-ethanediyloxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyloxy-1,4-phenylene[1-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)-1-pyrenylamino]phenyl]ethylidene]-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L67 ANSWER 22 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:35313 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:145976

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent material containing

anthracene derivative

INVENTOR(S): Okutsu, Satoshi; Tamano, Michiko; Onikubo,

Shunichi; Enokida, Toshio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyo Ink Mfg. Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 36 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 11008068	A	19990112	JP 1997-161418	
				1997
				0618
			<	
JP 3591226	В2	20041117		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.	:		JP 1997-161418	
				1997
				0618

<--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 130:145976

ED Entered STN: 19 Jan 1999

ΙT 220072-02-6

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(organic electroluminescent device containing anthracene derivative)

RN 220072-02-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1- Pyrenamine, N,N'-(1,2-ethenediyldi-10,9-anthracenediyl) bis [N-new]

phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

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L67 ANSWER 23 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:180620 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:276872

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 128:54683a,54686a

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent devices and

N-aryl-substituted diaminoanthracene compounds

for use in their manufacture

INVENTOR(S): Enokida, Toshio; Tamano, Michiko; Okutsu,

Satoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyo Ink Mfg. Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 38 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 10072581	A	19980317	JP 1996-244493	
				1996
				0917
			<	
US 6251531	В1	20010626	US 1998-30791	
				1998
				0226
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1995-245607 A	

JP 1996-12430 A

1996
0129

--JP 1996-170809 A

1996
0701

--US 1996-688879 A3

1996
0731

<--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 128:276872

ED Entered STN: 27 Mar 1998

IT 189264-01-5

RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (light-emitting substances; organic electroluminescent devices and N-aryl-substituted diaminoanthracene compds. for use in manufacture)

RN 189264-01-5 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenediamine, N9,N9,N10,N10-tetrabenzo[def]phenanthren-1-yl- (CA INDEX NAME)

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L67 ANSWER 24 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:180619 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:276871

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 128:54683a,54686a

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent devices and

N-aryl-substituted diaminoanthracene compounds

for use in their manufacture

INVENTOR(S): Enokida, Toshio; Tamano, Michiko; Okutsu,

Satoshi

Toyo Ink Mfg. Co., Ltd., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 36 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	API	PLICATION NO.		DATE
 JP 10072580	A	19980317	JP	1996-244492		1996
JP 2924810	D.O	10000726		<		0917
US 6251531	Б2 В1	19990726 20010626	US	1998-30791		
						1998 0226
TD 11065500	_	1000000		<		
JP 11265788	A	19990928	JP	1999-7257		1999 0114
001000	- 0	00001105		<		
JP 3340687 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	В2	20021105	JP	1995-245607	A	1995 0925
				<		0,20
			JP	1996-12430	A	1996 0129
				<	_	
			JP	1996-170808	A	1996 0701
				<		
			US	1996-688879	A3	1996 0731
				<		
			JP	1996-244492	A3	1996 0917
				<		0017

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 128:276871

Entered STN: 27 Mar 1998 ED

ΙT 189264-01-5

> RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (light-emitting substances; for manufacture of organic electroluminescent devices with high brightness and long service life)

189264-01-5 HCAPLUS RN

9,10-Anthracenediamine, N9,N9,N10,N10-tetrabenzo[def]phenanthren-1-CN yl- (CA INDEX NAME)

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L67 ANSWER 25 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:180618 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:276870

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 128:54683a,54686a

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent devices and

N-aryl-substituted diaminoanthracene compounds

for use in their manufacture

INVENTOR(S): Enokida, Toshio; Tamano, Michiko; Okutsu,

Satoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyo Ink Mfg. Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 23 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 ЈР 10072579	A	19980317	JP 1996-244491	1996 0917
JP 2924809 US 6251531	B2 B1	19990726 20010626	< US 1998-30791	0917
05 6231331	ÐΙ	20010020		1998 0226
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			< JP 1995-245607 A	1995

US 1996-688879

--US 1996-688879

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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 128:276870

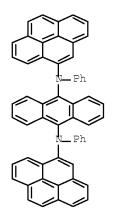
ED Entered STN: 27 Mar 1998

IT 205581-61-9

RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (light-emitting substances; organic electroluminescent devices and N-aryl-substituted diaminoanthracene compds. for use in manufacture)

RN 205581-61-9 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenediamine, N9,N10-diphenyl-N9,N10-di-4-pyrenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



L67 ANSWER 26 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:784185 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:55233

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 128:10669h,10670a

TITLE: Charge-transporting aromatic diamines and

organic electroluminescent elements

INVENTOR(S): Takei, Atsushi; Anzai, Akitoshi; Watanabe,

Takanobu; Inaki, Chieko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hodogaya Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 26 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 09316038	A	19971209	JP 1996-159150	
				1996

<--

0531

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1996-159150

1996

0531 <--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 128:55233

ED Entered STN: 15 Dec 1997

IT 180741-97-3

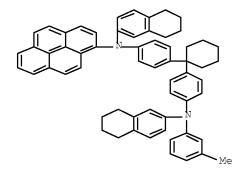
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(charge-transporting aromatic diamines for stable

electroluminescent elements)

RN 180741-97-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrenamine, N-[4-[1-[4-[(3-methylphenyl)(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-naphthalenyl)amino]phenyl]cyclohexyl]phenyl]-N-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-naphthalenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



L67 ANSWER 27 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:480901 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:115061

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 127:22069a,22072a

TITLE: Hole-transporting material and use thereof INVENTOR(S): Tamano, Michiko; Okutsu, Satoshi; Enokida,

Toshio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyo Ink Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 32 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				-
EP 779765	A2	19970618	EP 1996-309019	
				1996
				1211
			<	
EP 779765	A3	19970730		
EP 779765	В1	20010801		
R: DE, FR, GB				
JP 09222741	A	19970826	JP 1996-306049	
				1996
				1118
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1995-321345	A
				1995

1211

<--

JP 1996-306049

1996 1118

<--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 127:115061

ED Entered STN: 02 Aug 1997

IT 192180-93-1

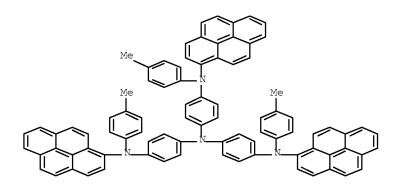
RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)

(aryl amine hole-transporting materials and apparatus using them)

RN 192180-93-1 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4-Benzenediamine, N1-benzo[def]phenanthren-1-yl-N4,N4-bis[4-[benzo[def]phenanthren-1-yl(4-methylphenyl)amino]phenyl]-N1-(4-methylphenyl)amino]phenyl

methylphenyl) - (CA INDEX NAME)



 ${\tt L67}$ ANSWER 28 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:334774 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:310317

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 126:60025a,60028a

TITLE: Light-emitting material for organic

electroluminescence device, and organic electroluminescence device for which the

light-emitting material is adapted

INVENTOR(S): Enokida, Toshio; Tamano, Michiko; Okutsu,

Satoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyo Ink Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 46 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 765106	A2	19970326	EP 1996-305586	1996 0730
			<	0130
EP 765106	A3	19970813		
EP 765106	В1	20021127		
R: DE, FR, GB				
EP 1146034	A1	20011017	EP 2001-113795	
				1996
				0730

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R: DE, FR, GB US 5759444	А	19980602	US	1996-688879		1996 0731
				<		
KR 204220	В1	19990615	KR	1996-42007		
						1996
						0924
				<		
US 6251531	В1	20010626	US	1998-30791		4000
						1998
						0226
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			TD	< 1995-245607	А	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP	1993-243607	А	1995
						0925
				<		0723
			JР	1996-12430	А	
			0.2	1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1996
						0129
				<		
			EP	1996-305586	A3	
						1996
						0730
				<		
			US	1996-688879	А3	
						1996
						0731
				<		

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 126:310317

ED Entered STN: 26 May 1997

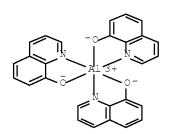
IT 2085-33-8

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(anthracenediamine derivative-based light-emitting materials for organic electroluminescent devices and the devices)

RN 2085-33-8 HCAPLUS

CN Aluminum, tris(8-quinolinolato- κ N1, κ O8)- (CA INDEX NAME)



L67 ANSWER 29 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:523543 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:154084

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 125:28607a,28610a

TITLE: Organic thin-film electroluminescent (EL)

devices with high durability

INVENTOR(S): Adachi, Chihaya; Nagai, Kazukyo; Tamoto,

Nozomi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Kk, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 JP 08138868	А	19960531	JP 1995-239239	
				1995
				0824
us 5709959	А	19980120	< US 1995-529580	
05 3709939	A	19980120	05 1993-329360	1995
				0918
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1994-248421 A	1
				1994
				0916

<--

ED Entered STN: 30 Aug 1996

IT 50926-11-9, ITO

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(anode, with controlled ionization potential; organic thin-film EL

devices with high durability)

RN 50926-11-9 HCAPLUS

CN Indium tin oxide (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	- 1	Component
				Registry Number
	==+==		===+==	
0		X		17778-80-2
In		X		7440-74-6
Sn		X	1	7440-31-5

L67 ANSWER 30 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:954797 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:354219
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 123:63279a,63282a

TITLE: Electroluminescence device

INVENTOR(S): Tamoto, Nozomi; Shimada, Tomoyuki; Nagai,

Kazukyo; Adachi, Chihaya; Sakon, Hirota

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Kk, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 20 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07242871	A	19950919	JP 1994-64509	
				1994
				0308
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1994-64509	
				1994
				0308
			<	

Entered STN: 01 Dec 1995

IT 170930-38-8

ED

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (carbonate containing diamine for organic electroluminescence device)

RN 170930-38-8 HCAPLUS

Carbonic acid, (1-methylethylidene)di-4,1-phenylene bis[4-[(4-methylphenyl)-1-pyrenylamino]phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L67 ANSWER 31 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:767930 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:183055

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 123:32305a,32308a

TITLE: Field-effect electroluminescent device

containing aminopyrene derivative

INVENTOR(S): Tamoto, Nozomi; Nagai, Kazukyo; Adachi,

Chihaya; Sakon, Hirota

Ricoh Kk, Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APP	LICATION NO.		DATE
JP 07157754	A	19950620	JP	1993-338934		
						1993
						1202
				<		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP	1993-338934	Α	
						1993
						1202
				<		
			JP	1993-280541		
						1993
						1014
				/		

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 123:183055

ED Entered STN: 31 Aug 1995

ΙT 167274-15-9

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(field-effect electroluminescent device containing aminopyrene derivative with stable luminescence)

RN 167274-15-9 HCAPLUS

CN

[1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine, N-(4-methylphenyl)-N'-[4'-[(4-methylphenyl)phenylamino][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]-N-phenyl-N'-4-pyrenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

Ph

Me

N

Ph

 \bigcup_{Me}

PAGE 2-A

L67 ANSWER 32 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:677558 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:156122

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 123:27555a,27558a

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent materials and

devices using them Enokida, Toshio

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07109449	A	19950425	JP 1993-258080	1993 1015
JP 3070356	В2	20000731	<	

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1993-258080

1993 1015

<--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 123:156122

ED Entered STN: 15 Jul 1995

IT 166659-06-9

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

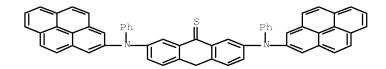
(fused ring organic electroluminescent materials and devices using

them)

RN 166659-06-9 HCAPLUS

CN 9(10H)-Anthracenethione, 2,7-bis(phenyl-2-pyrenylamino)- (CA

INDEX NAME)



L67 ANSWER 33 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:663074 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:127048

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 123:22343a,22346a

TITLE: Electroluminescent element with oxadiazole

derivative electron-transporting layer

INVENTOR(S): Nagai, Kazukyo; Adachi, Chihaya; Sakon,

Hirota; Tamoto, Nozomi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Kk, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 JР 07109454	А	19950425	JP 1993-280179	
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JP 3482446	В2	20031222		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1993-280179	1000
				1993 1012

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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 123:127048

ED Entered STN: 11 Jul 1995

IT 2085-33-8, Tris(8-quinolinolato)aluminum

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

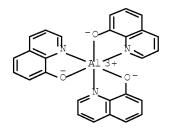
(electron-injection layer; electroluminescent devices containing

oxadiazole derivative electron-transporting layers)

RN 2085-33-8 HCAPLUS

CN Aluminum, tris(8-quinolinolato-κN1,κ08)- (CA INDEX

NAME)



L67 ANSWER 34 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:663073 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:127047

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 123:22343a,22346a

Electroluminescent element with oxadiazole TITLE:

derivative electron-transporting layer

INVENTOR(S): Nagai, Kazukyo; Adachi, Chihaya; Sakon,

Hirota; Tamoto, Nozomi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Kk, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 0710945	3	A	19950425	JP 1993-280178	
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PRIORITY APPLN.	INFO.:			JP 1993-280178	
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					1012

MARPAT 123:127047 OTHER SOURCE(S):

Entered STN: 11 Jul 1995 ED

ΙT 2085-33-8

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

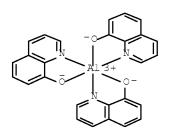
(electron-injection layer; electroluminescent devices containing

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oxadiazole derivative electron-transporting layers)

RN 2085-33-8 HCAPLUS

CN Aluminum, tris(8-quinolinolato- κ N1, κ O8)- (CA INDEX



L67 ANSWER 35 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:663072 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:127046

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 123:22343a,22346a

TITLE: Electroluminescent element with oxadiazole

derivative electron-transporting layer

INVENTOR(S): Nagai, Kazukyo; Adachi, Chihaya; Sakon,

Hirota; Tamoto, Nozomi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Kk, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07109452	A	19950425	JP 1993-280092	
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1993-280092	
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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 123:127046

ED Entered STN: 11 Jul 1995

 ${\tt IT} \qquad 2085\text{--}33\text{--}8\text{, Tris(8-quinolinolato)aluminum}$

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

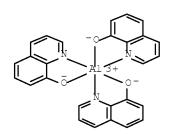
(electron-injection layer; electroluminescent element containing

oxadiazole derivative electron-transporting layer)

RN 2085-33-8 HCAPLUS

CN Aluminum, tris(8-quinolinolato- κ N1, κ O8)- (CA INDEX

NAME)



L67 ANSWER 36 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:562195 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:20922
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 123:3811a,3814a

TITLE: Molecular design of hole transport materials

for obtaining high durability in organic

electroluminescent diodes

AUTHOR(S): Adachi, Chihaya; Nagai, Kazukiyo; Tamoto,

Nozomu

CORPORATE SOURCE: Chemical Products R and D Center, Ricoh Co.,

Ltd., Shizuoka, 410, Japan

SOURCE: Applied Physics Letters (1995),

66(20), 2679-81

CODEN: APPLAB; ISSN: 0003-6951

PUBLISHER: American Institute of Physics

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 20 May 1995

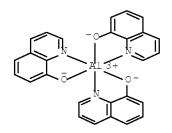
2085-33-8, Aluminum, tris(8-quinolinolato)-ΙT RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(hole transport material for obtaining high durability in organic

electroluminescent diodes)

2085-33-8 HCAPLUS RN

Aluminum, tris(8-quinolinolato-κN1,κ08)- (CA INDEX CN



L67 ANSWER 37 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:275316 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:302391 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 122:54841a,54844a

TITLE: Electroluminescent devices

INVENTOR(S): Nagai, Kazukyo; Adachi, Chihaya; Sakon,

Hirota; Oota, Masabumi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Kk, Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 06248260	A	19940906	JP 1993-61049	
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OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	122:302391		

ED Entered STN: 05 Jan 1995

ΙT 37271-44-6

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(anode; electroluminescent devices containing thiazole derivs.)

37271-44-6 HCAPLUS RN

Silver alloy, nonbase, Ag,Mg (CA INDEX NAME)

L67 ANSWER 38 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:207991 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:20144
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 122:3887a,3890a

TITLE: Organic field-effect electroluminescent device

containing amino compound

INVENTOR(S): Nagai, Kazukyo; Adachi, Chihaya; Sakon, Hirota; Shimada, Tomoyuki; Oota, Masabumi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Kk, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 06240248	A	19940830	JP 1993-52957	
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1993-52957	
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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 122:20144

ED Entered STN: 23 Nov 1994

IT 149111-88-6

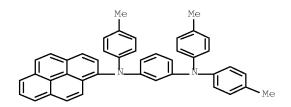
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

 $(\verb|field-effect|| electroluminescent|| device|| containing|| amino|| compound||$

with good durability)

RN 149111-88-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediamine, N,N,N'-tris(4-methylphenyl)-N-1-pyrenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L67 ANSWER 39 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:207990 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:20143
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 122:3887a,3890a

TITLE: Organic field-effect electroluminescent device

containing pyrene derivative

INVENTOR(S): Nagai, Kazukyo; Shimada, Tomoyuki; Sakon, Hirota; Adachi, Chihaya; Oota, Masabumi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Kk, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
-----JP 06240247 A 19940830 JP 1993-52955
1993
0218

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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1993-52955

1993 0218

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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 122:20143

ED Entered STN: 23 Nov 1994

IT 145668-84-4

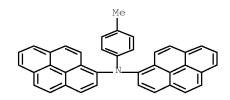
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(field-effect electroluminescent device containing pyrene derivative

with good durability)

RN 145668-84-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrenamine, N-(4-methylphenyl)-N-1-pyrenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



L67 ANSWER 40 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:641361 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:241361

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 121:43817a,43820a

TITLE: organic electroluminescent devices

INVENTOR(S): Nagai, Kazukyo; Oota, Masabumi; Sakon, Hirota;

Adachi, Chihaya; Takahashi, Toshihiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Kk, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

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PRIORITY APPLN.	INFO.:			JP 19	992-186051 A	1	
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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 121:241361

ED Entered STN: 12 Nov 1994

IT 149685-55-2

RL: PRP (Properties)

(electron-transport layers from, in white light-emitting

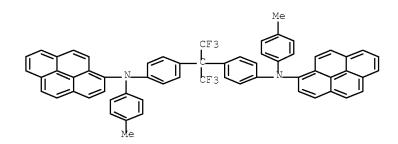
electroluminescent devices)

RN 149685-55-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrenamine, N,N'-[[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-

(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]di-4,1-phenylene]bis[N-(4-phenylene]bis[

methylphenyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L67 ANSWER 41 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:65542 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:65542

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 120:11657a,11660a

TITLE: Electroluminescent element

INVENTOR(S): Kawamura, Fumio; Ota, Masabumi; Onuma,

Teruyuki; Sakon, Hirota; Takahashi, Toshihiko;

Yamaguchi, Takehito; Sasaki, Masaomi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 05021165	A	19930129	JP 1991-198895	
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1991-198895	
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ED Entered STN: 05 Feb 1994

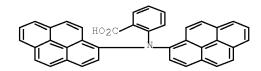
IT 152003-51-0

RL: PRP (Properties)

(anodes treated with, for electroluminescent devices)

RN 152008-51-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-(di-1-pyrenylamino)- (CA INDEX NAME)



L67 ANSWER 42 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:459357 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:59357

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 119:10511a,10514a

TITLE: Thin-film organic electroluminescent device INVENTOR(S): Onuma, Teruyuki; Ota, Masabumi; Sakon, Hirota;

Takahashi, Toshihiko; Yamaguchi, Takehito

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 04334894	А	19921120	JP 1991-135448	1991 0510
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			< JP 1991-135448	1991 0510

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ED Entered STN: 07 Aug 1993

IT 2085-33-8

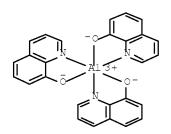
RL: PRP (Properties)

(blue-yellow emitting, organic carrier-injection

electroluminescent devices containing)

RN 2085-33-8 HCAPLUS

CN Aluminum, tris(8-quinolinolato- κ N1, κ O8)- (CA INDEX NAME)



L67 ANSWER 43 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:416860 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:16860
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 117:2955a,2958a

TITLE: Electroluminescent device with organic

electroluminescent medium

INVENTOR(S): VanSlyke, Steven A.; Tang, Ching W.; O'Brien,

Michael E.; Chen, Chin H.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eastman Kodak Co., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 12 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

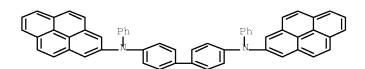
PATENT INFORMATION:

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	JP	2851185	В2	19990127		<		
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PRIOR	RITY	R: AT, BE, CH APPLN. INFO.:		K, ES, FR,		R, IT, LI, LU, 1990-561552		1990 0726
						<		
ED IT	Ent 139 RL:	DURCE(S): tered STN: 11 J 3255-24-6 : PRP (Propertie	ful 1992 es)					
		(electrolumines	cent dev	vices with	hole-t	ransporting l	ayers i	from)

[1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine, N,N'-diphenyl-N,N'-di-2-pyrenyl-



139255-24-6 HCAPLUS

(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FULL SEARCH HISTORY

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